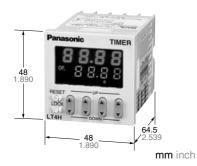
Panasonic ideas for life

DIN 48 SIZE DIGITAL TIMER

LT4H/-L Timers

LT4H Timers







Pin type

Screw terminal type

RoHS Directive compatibility information http://www.nais-e.com/

UL File No.: E122222 C-UL File No.: E122222

Features

1. Bright and Easy-to-Read Display
A brand new bright 2-color back light
LCD display. The easy-to-read screen in
any location makes checking and setting
procedures a cinch.

2. Simple Operation

Seesaw buttons make operating the unit even easier than before.

3. Short Body of only 64.5 mm 2.539 inch (screw terminal type) or 70.1 mm 2.760 inch (pin type)

With a short body, it is easy to install in even narrow control panels.

4. Conforms to IP66's Weather Resistant Standards

The water-proof panel keeps out water and dirt for reliable operation even in poor environments.

c**Al**us (E

5. Screw terminal (M3.5) and Pin Types are Both Standard Options

The two terminal types are standard options to support either front panel installation or embedded installation.

6. Changeable Panel Cover

Also offers a black panel cover to meet your design considerations.

7. Compliant with UL, c-UL and CE.

Product types

Time range	Operating mode	Output	Operating voltage	Power down insurance	Terminal type	Part number
J					8 pins	LT4H8-AC240V
			100 to 240 V AC		11 pins	LT4H-AC240V
					Screw terminal	LT4H-AC240VS
					8 pins	LT4H8-AC24V
		Relay (1 c)	24 V AC		11 pins	LT4H-AC24V
		(1.5)			Screw terminal	LT4H-AC24VS
9.999 s (0.001 s~)	Power ON delay (1) Power ON delay (2) Signal ON delay Signal OFF delay Pulse One-shot Pulse ON-delay Signal Flicker Totalizing ON-delay (8 modes)		12 to 24 V DC	Available	8 pins	LT4H8-DC24V
99.99 s (0.01 s~)					11 pins	LT4H-DC24V
999.9 s (0.1 s~) 9999 s (1 s~)					Screw terminal	LT4H-DC24VS
99 min 59 s (1 s~) 999.9 min (0.1 min~)			100 to 240 V AC		8 pins	LT4HT8-AC240V
99 h 59 min (1 min~)					11 pins	LT4HT-AC240V
999.9 h (0.1 h~)					Screw terminal	LT4HT-AC240VS
					8 pins	LT4HT8-AC24V
		Transistor (1 a)	24 V AC		11 pins	LT4HT-AC24V
		(1.27)			Screw terminal	LT4HT-AC24VS
					8 pins	LT4HT8-DC24V
			12 to 24 V DC		11 pins	LT4HT-DC24V
					Screw terminal	LT4HT-DC24VS

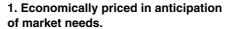
^{*} A rubber gasket (ATC18002) and a mounting frame (AT8-DA4) are included.

LT4H-L Timers

UL File No.: E122222 C-UL File No.: E122222







 Economically priced to provide excellent cost performance.

2. Display is a bright reflective-type LCD.

3. Inherits all of the characteristics of the LT4H digital timer.

- Seesaw switches ensure easy operation.
- IP66 environmental protection.
- Shortened body (70.1 mm 2.760 inch underhead).

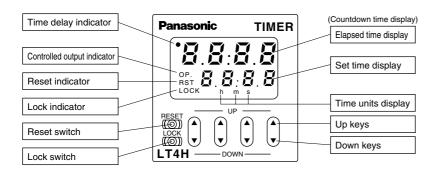
4. Compliant with UL, c-UL and CE.

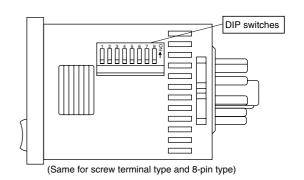


Product types

Product name	Time range	Operating mode	Output	Operating voltage	Power down insurance	Terminal type	Part number
	9.999 s (0.001 s~) 99.99 s (0.01 s~) 999.9 s (0.1 s~) 999.9 s (1 s~) 99 min 59 s (1 s~) 999.9 min (0.1 min~) 99 h 59 min (1 min~) 999.9 h (0.1 h~)	Power ON delay (1) Power ON delay (2) Signal ON delay Signal OFF delay Pulse One-shot Pulse ON-delay Signal Flicker Totalizing ON-delay (8 modes)	Relay (1 c)	100 to 240 V AC	- Available	8 pins	LT4HL8-AC240V
				24 V AC/DC			LT4HL8-AC24V
LT4H-L digital timer				12 to 24 V DC			LT4HL8-DC24V
			Transistor (1 a)	100 to 240 V AC			LT4HLT8-AC240V
				24 V AC/DC			LT4HLT8-AC24V
				12 to 24 V DC			LT4HLT8-DC24V

Part names





Specifications

		Type	Ralay ou	tput type	Transistor	output type	
Item			AC type AC/DC type	DC type	AC type AC/DC type	DC type	
	Rated opera	ting voltage	100 to 240 V AC, 24 V AC, 24 V AC/DC	12 to 24 V DC	100 to 240 V AC, 24 V AC, 24 V AC/DC	12 to 24 V DC	
Rating	Rated frequency		50/60 Hz common	_	50/60 Hz common	_	
	Rated powe	r consumption	Max. 10 V A	Max. 3 W	Max. 10 V A	Max. 3 W	
	Rated contro	ol capacity	5 A, 250 V AC	(resistive load)	100 mA,	30 V DC	
	Time range		9.999 s, 99.99 s, 99	9.9 s, 9999 s, 99 min 59 s, 999.	9 min, 99 h 59 min, 999.9 h (sele	ected by DIP switch)	
	Time counting	ng direction			btraction (DOWN) able by DIP switch)		
	Operation m	node			al ON delay), C (Signal OFF dela talizing ON delay) (selectable by		
	Start/Reset/	Stop input	Min. input signal width: 1 ms	s, 20 ms (2 directions by selected	d by DIP switch) (The 8-pin type	does not have a stop input.)	
	Lock input				3-pin type does not have a lock in	<u>. , </u>	
	Input signal				: Max. 1 k Ω ; Residual voltage: M, Max. energized voltage: 40V D0		
	Indication		7-segment LCD (LT4H, L	.T4H-L common), Elapsed value	(backlight red LED), Setting value	ue (backlight yellow LED)	
	Power failure method	e memory		EEP-ROM (Min.	. 10⁵ overwriting)		
	Operating tir	me fluctuation			Fo	a=a.	
Time accuracy	Temperature error		± (0.005 % + 50 ms) in case of power on start + (0.005 % + 30 ms) in case of input signal start Temperature: -10 to +55°C +14 to +131°F				
(max.)	Voltage erro	r	± (0.005 % + 20 ms) in case of input signal start Temperature: -10 to +55 C +14 to +131 P Min. input signal width: 1ms				
· · · /	Setting error						
	Contact arra	ingement	Timed-out	1 Form C	Timed-out 1 Form A (Open collector)		
Contact	Contact resista	ance (Initial value)	100 mΩ (at	1 A 6 V DC)	_	_	
	Contact mat	erial	Ag alloy	/Au flash	_		
Life	Mechanical	(contact)	Min. 2×10^7 ope. (Except for switch operation parts)			=	
	Electrical (co	ontact)	1.0 × 10⁵ ope. (At ra	ated control voltage)	Min. 10 ⁷ ope. (At rated control voltage)		
	Allowable opera	ating voltage range		85 to 110 % of rate	ed operating voltage		
	Breakdown (Initial value		2,000 Vrms for 1 min: Between live and dead metal parts (11-pin) 2,000 Vrms for 1 min: Between live and dead metal parts (11-pin) 2,000 Vrms for 1 min: Between live and dead metal parts (11-pin) 2,000 Vrms for 1 min: Between input and output				
Electrical	Insulation re (Initial value		Between live and Min. 100 MΩ: Between input and Between contact		Min. 100 MΩ: Between live and dead metal parts Between input and output (At 500)		
	Operating vo	oltage reset	Max. 0.5 s				
	Temperature	e rise		65° C ating current at nominal voltage)	_		
	Vibration	Functional	10 to 55	Hz: 1 cycle/min single amplitude	of 0.35 mm .014 inch (10 min o	n 3 axes)	
	resistance	Destructive	10 to 5	5 Hz: 1 cycle/min single amplitud	de of 0.75 mm .030 inch (1 h on	3 axes)	
Mechanical	Shock	Functional		Min. 98 m 321.522 ft./	/s² (4 times on 3 axes)		
	resistance	Destructive	Min. 294 m 964.567 ft./s² (5 times on 3 axes)				
	Ambient tem	nperature		–10° C to 55° C -	+14° F to +131° F		
Operating	Ambient hur	midity		Max. 85 % RH (non-condensing)		
conditions	Air pressure			860 to 1,	,060 h Pa		
	Ripple rate		_	20 % or less	_	20 % or less	
Connection				8-pin/11-pin/s	screw terminal		
Protective co	onstruction			IP66 (front panel v	with rubber gasket)		

Applicable standard

Safety standard	EN61812-1	Pollution Degree 2/Overvoltage Category II
	(EMI)EN61000-6-4	
	Radiation interference electric field strength	EN55011 Group1 ClassA
	Noise terminal voltage	EN55011 Group1 ClassA
	(EMS)EN61000-6-2	
	Static discharge immunity	EN61000-4-2 4 kV contact
	,	8 kV air
	RF electromagnetic field immunity	EN61000-4-3 10 V/m AM modulation (80 MHz to 1 GHz)
	, ,	10 V/m pulse modulation (895 MHz to 905 MHz)
EMC	EFT/B immunity	EN61000-4-4 2 kV (power supply line)
		1 kV (signal line)
	Surge immunity	EN61000-4-5 1 kV (power line)
	Conductivity noise immunity	EN61000-4-6 10 V/m AM modulation (0.15 MHz to 80 MHz)
	Power frequency magnetic field immunity	EN61000-4-8 30 A/m (50 Hz)
	Voltage dip/Instantaneous stop/Voltage fluctuation immunity	EN61000-4-11 10 ms, 30% (rated voltage)
		100 ms, 60% (rated voltage)
		1,000 ms, 60% (rated voltage)
		5,000 ms, 95% (rated voltage)

8-pin type (8p cap AD8-RC sold separately)

11-pin type (11p cap AT8-DP11 sold separately)

Mounting frame for flush mount

AT8-DA4 (supplied)

Dimensions

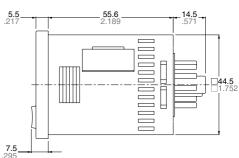
• LT4H digital timer

(units: mm inch) Tolerance: ±1.0 ±.039

Screw terminal type (Flush mount)

5.5 .217 2.539

Pin type (Flush mount/Surface mount)

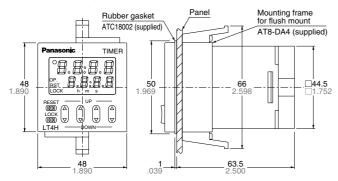


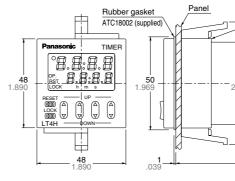
• Dimensions for embedded installation (with adapter installed)

Screw terminal type

RESET UP O

Pin type





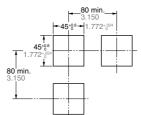
• Dimensions for front panel installations

G

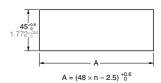
ions

Installation panel cut-out dimensions

The standard panel cut-out dimensions are shown below. Use the mounting frame (AT8-DA4) and rubber gasket (ATC18002).



• For connected installations



90 3.543

- Note) 1: The installation panel thickness should be between 1 and 5 mm .039 and .197 inch.
 - 2: For connected installations, the waterproofing ability between the unit and installation panel is lost.

Terminal layouts and Wiring diagrams

() dimension is for 8-pin type.

N.C

DIN rail terminal block (8-pin type AT8-DF8K sold separately) (11-pin type AT8-DF11K sold separately)

Device installation rail AT8-DLA1 (sold separately)

• 8-pin type

95.5 (90.0)

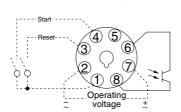
Relay output type

4 5

(1) (8)

6

 $\widehat{7}$



Transistor output type

• 11-pin type

Reset

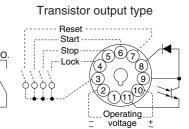
Start Stop

-- Lock

Relay output type

11110

Operating_ voltage



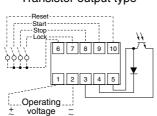
Operating voltage +

Operating___

voltage

Relay output type

6 7 8 9 10



Transistor output type

Note) For connecting the output leads of the transistor output type, refer to 5) Transistor output on page 48.

Setting the operation mode, time range, and time

Setting procedure 1) Setting the operation mode and time range

Set the operation mode and time range with the DIP switches on the side of the LT4H timer.

DIP switches

DIF SWITCHES								
	ltem	DIP switch						
	item	OFF	ON					
1								
2	Operation mode	Refer to table 1						
3								
*4	Minimum input reset, start, and stop signal width	20 ms	1 ms					
5	Time delay direction	Addition	Subtraction					
6								
7	Time range	Refer to table 2						
8								

* The 8-pin type does not have the stop input, so that the dip switch can be changed over between reset and start inputs. The signal range of the lock input is fixed (minimum 20 ms).

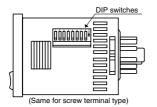


Table 1: Setting the operation mode

	DIP switch No.			Operation mode	
	1	2	3	Operation mode	
	ON	ON	ON	A: Power on delay 1	
\exists	OFF	OFF	OFF	A2: Power on delay 2	
	ON	OFF	OFF	B: Signal on delay	
	OFF	ON	OFF	C: Signal off delay	
	ON	ON	OFF	D: Pulse One shot	
	OFF	OFF	ON	E: Pulse On delay	
	ON	OFF	ON	F: Signal Flicker	
İ	OFF	ON	ON	G: Totalizing On delay	

Table 2: Setting the time range

DIP switch No.		No.	Time range	
6	7	8	Time range	
ON	ON	ON	0.001 s to 9.999 s	
OFF	OFF	OFF	0.01 s to 99.99 s	
ON	OFF	OFF	0.1 s to 999.9 s	
OFF	ON	OFF	1 s to 9999 s	
ON	ON	OFF	0 min 01 s to 99 min 59 s	
OFF	OFF	ON	0.1 min to 999.9 min	
ON	OFF	ON	0 h 01 min to 99 h 59 min	
OFF	ON	ON	0.1 h to 999.9 h	

Notes: 1) Set the DIP switches before installing the timer.

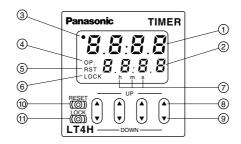
- 2) When the DIP SW setting is changed, turn off the power once.
- 3) The DIP switches are set as ON before shipping.

Setting procedure 2) Setting the time

Set the set time with the keys (UP and DOWN keys) on the front of the LT4H timer.

Front display section

- 1 Elapsed time display
- 2 Set time display
- 3 Time delay indicator
- 4 Controlled output indicator
- (5) Reset indicator
- 6 Lock indicator
- 7 Time units display



- 8 UP keys
 - Changes the corresponding digit of the set time in the addition direction (upwards)
- 9 DOWN keys

Changes the corresponding digit of the set time in the subtraction direction (downwards)

- 10 RESET switch Resets the elapsed time and the output
- 11 LOCK switch Locks the operation of all keys on the unit

• Changing the set time

1. It is possible to change the set time with the up and down keys even during time delay with the timer. However, be aware of the following points.

1) If the set time is changed to less than the elapsed time with the time delay set to the addition direction, time delay will continue until the elapsed time reaches full scale, returns to zero, and then reaches the new set time. If the set time

is changed to a time above the elapsed time, the time delay will continue until the elapsed time reaches the new set time.

2) If the time delay is set to the subtraction direction, time delay will continue until "0" regardless of the new set time.

2. If the set time is changed to "0," the unit will operate differently depending on the operation mode.

1) If the operation mode is set to A (power on delay 1) or A2 (power on

delay 2), the output will turn on when the power supply is turned on. However, the output will be off while reset is being input.

2) In the other modes, the output turns on when the start is input. When the operation mode is C (signal off delay), D (Pulse one shot), or F (Signal flicker), only when the start input is on does the output turn on. Also, when the reset is being input, the output is off.

Power failure memory

The EEPROM is used for power failure memory. It has a life of Min. 10⁵ over-writings. The EEPROM is overwriting with the following timing.

	5 5
Output mode	Overwrite timing
Power ON delay (2) A2	When power is OFF
Addition G	Change of preset value or start, reset input When power is OFF after being ON
Other modes	When power is OFF after changing preset value

* Be aware that the contents of EEPROM for all modes will be overwritten when power is turned OFF during input to external lock terminals (4) to (3) and (7) to (6). Such an action does not exist by doing lock operation from the front.

Operation mode

T: Set time t1, t2, t3, ta<T

Operation type	Explanation	Time chart
Power on delay (1)	Set the operation mode section of the DIP switches (no.'s 1, 2, and 3) on the side of the timer as shown. Clears elapsed time value and starts time delay at power ON. After timer completion, stops at the display of the set value (addition), or stops at "0" (subtraction). Ignores start input. Stops delay time operation at stop ON. Restarts delay time operation at stop OFF.	Power supply OPF ON T 1 11 12 11+12=T Output OPF Stop ON OFF
Power on delay (2)	Set the operation mode section of the DIP switches (no.'s 1, 2, and 3) on the side of the timer as shown. Elapsed time value does not clear at power ON. (power outage countermeasure function) The output remains ON even after the power is cut and restarted. After timer completion, stops at the display of the set value (addition), or stops at "0" (subtraction). Ignores start input. Stops delay time operation at stop ON. Restarts delay time operation at stop OFF.	Power supply OF TOUTPUT ON THE TOUTPUT OF TOUTPUT ON THE TOUTPUT O
Signal on delay	Set the operation mode section of the DIP switches (no.'s 1, 2, and 3) on the side of the timer as shown. Clears elapsed time value at power ON. Time delay starts at start ON and elapsed time value or output resets at start OFF. Instantaneous time delay start at reset OFF and power ON while start is ON. Stops delay time operation at stop ON. Restarts delay time operation at stop OFF. In order to have the time delay start at power ON or reset at power OFF, short out the start input beforehand.	Power supply OFF Output OFF ON T ON T ON T ON ON OFF Stop OFF Start OFF
Signal off delay	Set the operation mode section of the DIP switches (no.'s 1, 2, and 3) on the side of the timer as shown. Clears elapsed time value at power ON. Output control ON at start ON and time delay start at start OFF. Elapsed time value clears when start goes ON again during time delay. Stops delay time operation at stop ON. Restarts delay time operation at stop OFF.	Power supply OFF Output ON OFF Reset ON OFF Stop ON OFF Start ON OFF

Notes: 1) Each signal input (start, reset, stop, and lock) is applied by shorting their input terminal to the common terminal (terminal ① for the 8-pin type, terminal ③ for the 11-pin type, and terminal ⑥ for the screw terminal type).

2) The 8-pin type does not have a stop input or lock input.

Operation type	Explanation	Time chart
Pulse One-shot	Set the operation mode section of the DIP switches (no.'s 1, 2, and 3) on the side of the timer as shown. Clears elapsed time value at power ON. Time delay starts and output control ON at start ON. Turns output control OFF and clears elapsed time value at time-up. Ignores start input during time delay. Stops delay time operation at stop ON. Restarts delay time operation at stop OFF. In order to have the time delay start at power ON or reset at power OFF, short out the start input beforehand.	Power supply ON OFF T-ta T-t1+t2 Output ON T ta T til t2 t Reset OFF OFF Stop ON OFF Start OFF Start OFF Start OFF OFF OFF Start OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OF
Pulse On delay	Set the operation mode section of the DIP switches (no.'s 1, 2, and 3) on the side of the timer as shown. Clears elapsed time value at power ON. Time delay starts at start ON. Ignores start input during time delay. Stops delay time operation at stop ON. Restarts delay time operation at stop OFF. In order to have the time delay start at power ON or reset at power OFF, short out the start input beforehand.	Power supply OFF Output ON OFF Reset ON T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T
Signal Flicker	Set the operation mode section of the DIP switches (no.'s 1, 2, and 3) on the side of the timer as shown. Clears elapsed time value at power ON. Time delay starts at start ON. Ignores start input during time delay. Output control reverses, elapsed time value clears, and timer delay starts at timer completion. Stops delay time operation at stop ON. Restarts delay time operation at stop OFF. In order to have the time delay start at power ON or reset at power OFF, short out the start input beforehand.	Power supply OFF Output ON OFF Reset ON T T T 11 12 1a T T 11 12 1a T 11 12 1
Totalizing On delay	Set the operation mode section of the DIP switches (no.'s 1, 2, and 3) on the side of the timer as shown. Elapsed time value does not clear at power ON. (power outage countermeasure function) The output remains ON even after the power is off and restarted. Stops delay time operation at stop ON. Restarts delay time operation at stop OFF.	Power supply OFF Output ON T=t1+t2+t3 T>ta Output OFF OFF Stop ON OFF Start ON OFF Start ON OFF

Notes: 1) Each signal input (start, reset, stop, and lock) is applied by shorting their input terminal to the common terminal (terminal ① for the 8-pin type, terminal ③ for the 11-pin type, and terminal ⑥ for the screw terminal type).

²⁾ The 8-pin type does not have a stop input or lock input.

Panasonic ideas for life

DIN 48 SIZE DIGITAL TIMER

LT4H-W Timers

UL File No.: E122222 C-UL File No.: E122222

2 Su (F



mm inch









8-pin type

11-pin type Screw terminal type

RoHS Directive compatibility information http://www.nais-e.com/

Features

1. Wide time range

The operation time range covers from 0.01 sec. to 9999 hours.

The individual setting can be performed on each of 1 and 2 timers.

99.99s 99min59s 99h59min 999.9s 999.9min 999.9h 9999s 9999h

2. Bright and Easy-to-Read Display

A brand new bright 2-color back light LCD display. The easy-to-read screen in any location makes checking and setting procedures a cinch.

3. Simple Operation

Seesaw buttons make operating the unit even easier than before.

4. Short Body of only 64.5 mm 2.539 inch (screw terminal type) or 70.1 mm 2.760 inch (pin type)

With a short body, it is easy to install in even narrow control panels.

5. Conforms to IP66's Weather **Resistant Standards**

The water-proof panel keeps out water and dirt for reliable operation even in poor environments.

6. Screw terminal (M3.5) and Pin **Types are Both Standard Options**

The two terminal types are standard options to support either front panel installation or embedded installation.

7. Changeable Panel Cover

Also offers a black panel cover to meet your design considerations.

8. Compliant with UL, c-UL and CE.

9. Low Price

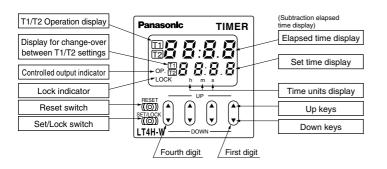
All this at an affordable price to provide you with unmatched cost performance.

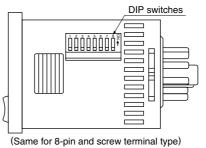
Product types

Time range	Operating mode	Output	Operating voltage	Power down insurance	Terminal type	Part number
Ţ.					8 pins	LT4HW8-AC240V
			100 to 240 V AC		11 pins	LT4HW-AC240V
					Screw terminal	LT4HW-AC240V
					8 pins	LT4HW8-AC24V
		Relay (1 c)	24 V AC		11 pins	LT4HW-AC24V
		(10)		- Available	Screw terminal	LT4HW-AC24VS
99.99s	Pulse input:		12 to 24 V DC		8 pins	LT4HW8-DC24V
999.9s 9999s	Delayed one shot OFF-start flicker ON-start flicker Integrating input: Delayed one shot OFF-start flicker ON-start flicker				11 pins	LT4HW-DC24V
99998 99min59s					Screw terminal	LT4HW-DC24VS
999.9min 99h59min			100 to 240 V AC		8 pins	LT4HWT8-AC24
999.9h					11 pins	LT4HWT-AC240
9999h					Screw terminal	LT4HWT-AC240
					8 pins	LT4HWT8-AC24
		Transistor (1 a)	24 V AC		11 pins	LT4HWT-AC24V
		(14)			Screw terminal	LT4HWT-AC24V
					8 pins	LT4HWT8-DC24
			12 to 24 V DC		11 pins	LT4HWT-DC24V
					Screw terminal	LT4HWT-DC24V

^{*} A rubber gasket (ATC18002) and a mounting frame (AT8-DA4) are included.

Part names





Specifications

Type		Ralay output type		Transistor output type				
Item			AC type	DC type	AC type	DC type		
	Rated opera	ating voltage	100 to 240 V AC, 24 V AC	12 to 24 V DC	100 to 240V AC, 24V AC	12 to 24 V DC		
	Rated freque	ency	50/60 Hz common		50/60 Hz common	_		
	Rated power consumption		Max. 10 V A	Max. 3 W	Max. 10 V A	Max. 3 W		
	Rated control capacity		5 A, 25	5 A, 250 V AC 100 mA,				
	Time range		99.99s, 999.9s,	99.99s, 999.9s, 9999s, 99min59s, 999.9min, 99h59min, 999.9h, 9999h (selected by DIP switch)				
	Time counting	na direction	Addition (UP)/Subtraction (DOWN)					
					able by DIP switch)			
Rating	Operation m	node		Pulse input: Delayed one shot, OFF-start flicker or ON-start flicker Integrating input: Delayed one shot, OFF-start flicker or ON-start flicker				
	Start/Reset/	Stop input		0 0 1 	d by DIP switch) (The 8 pin type			
	Lock input	Otop input	· ·		B-pin type does not have a lock in			
				1 0	: Max. 1 kΩ; Residual voltage: M	<u>'</u>		
	Input signal				, Max. energized voltage: 40 V D			
	Indication		7-segment L	.CD, Elapsed value (backlight re	ed LED), Setting value (backlight	yellow LED)		
	Power failure method	e memory		EEP-ROM (Min.	. 10⁵ overwriting)			
		me fluctuation						
Time	Temperature		+ (0.005% + 50 m	s) in case of power on start	Operating voltage: 85% to	110%		
accuracy (max.)	Voltage erro	or	± (0.005% + 50 ms) in case of power on start ± (0.005% + 20 ms) in case of input signal start Temperature: -10°C to +55°C +14°F to +131°F Min. input signal width: 1ms					
(IIIax.)	Setting error	r	Lwiii. iiiput signai wuuii. iiiis J					
	Contact arra	angement	Timed-out	1 Form C	Timed-out 1 Form A (Open collector)			
Contact	Contact resista	ance (Initial value)	100 mΩ (at 1 A 6 V DC)		_	_		
	Contact mat	terial	Ag alloy/Au flash —			_		
Life	Mechanical	(contact)	Min. 2 × 10 ⁷ ope. (Except	for switch operation parts)	_			
Lile	Electrical (co	ontact)	Min. 10⁵ ope. (At ra	ted control voltage)	Min. 10 ⁷ ope. (At ra	ted control voltage)		
	Allowable opera	ating voltage range	85 to 110 % of rated operating voltage					
	Breakdown voltage (Initial value)		2,000 Vrms for 1 min: Between live and dead metal parts (11-pin type only) 2,000 Vrms for 1 min: Between live and dead metal parts (Pi 1,000 Vrms for 1 min: Between input and output 2,000 Vrms for 1 min: Between input and output					
Electrical	Insulation resistance (Initial value)		Min. 100 MΩ: Between input ar		Min. 100 MΩ: Between live and dead metal parts (At 500)			
	O	-14	Between contact	S				
	Operating vo	oitage reset	Max. 0.5 s					
	Temperature	e rise	1	65° C ating current at nominal voltage)	_	_		
	Vibration	Functional	10 to 55 Hz: 1 cycle/ min single amplitude of 0.35 mm .014 inch (10 min on 3 axes)					
Mechanical	resistance	Destructive	10 to 55	5 Hz: 1 cycle/ min single amplitu	de of 0.75 mm .030 inch (1 h on	3 axes)		
Wednamea	Shock	Functional			/s² (4 times on 3 axes)			
resistance Destructive			Min. 294 m 964.567 ft./s² (5 times on 3 axes)					
	Ambient tem	•			+14° F to +131° F			
Operating	Ambient hur				non-condensing)			
conditions	Air pressure				,060 h Pa	00.0/		
0 "	Ripple rate		_	20 % or less		20 % or less		
Connection					screw terminal			
Protective co	onstruction			IP66 (front panel v	with rubber gasket)			

(units: mm inch) Tolerance: ±1.0 ±.039

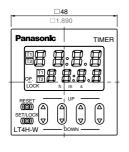
Applicable standard

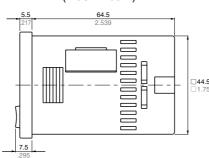
Safety standard	EN61812-1	Pollution Degree 2/Overvoltage Category II		
	(EMI)EN61000-6-4			
	Radiation interference electric field strength	EN55011 Group1 ClassA		
	Noise terminal voltage	EN55011 Group1 ClassA		
	(EMS)EN61000-6-2			
	Static discharge immunity	EN61000-4-2 4 kV contact		
		8 kV air		
	RF electromagnetic field immunity	EN61000-4-3 10 V/m AM modulation (80 MHz to 1 GHz)		
		10 V/m pulse modulation (895 MHz to 905 MHz)		
EMC	EFT/B immunity	EN61000-4-4 2 kV (power supply line)		
		1 kV (signal line)		
	Surge immunity	EN61000-4-5 1 kV (power line)		
	Conductivity noise immunity	EN61000-4-6 10 V/m AM modulation (0.15 MHz to 80 MHz)		
	Power frequency magnetic field immunity	EN61000-4-8 30 A/m (50 Hz)		
	Voltage dip/Instantaneous stop/Voltage fluctuation immunity	EN61000-4-11 10 ms, 30% (rated voltage)		
		100 ms, 60% (rated voltage)		
		1,000 ms, 60% (rated voltage)		
		5,000 ms, 95% (rated voltage)		

Dimensions

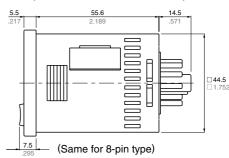
• LT4H-W digital timer

Screw terminal type (Flush mount)





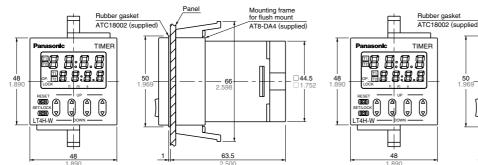
Pin type (Flush mount/Surface mount)

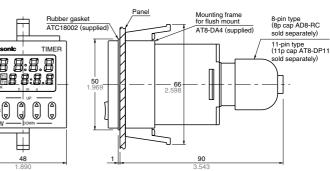


• Dimensions for flush mount (with adapter installed)

Screw terminal type

Pin type



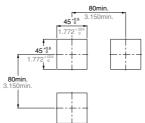


• Dimensions for front panel installations

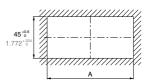
DIN rail terminal block (8-pin type AT8-DF8K sold separately) (11-pin type AT8-DF11K sold separately) Device installation rail AT8-DLA1 (sold separately) 95.5 (90.0) 3,760 (3.543) () dimension is for 8-pin type.

• Installation panel cut-out dimensions

The standard panel cut-out dimensions are shown below. Use the mounting frame (AT8-DA4) and rubber gasket (ATC18002).



· For connected installations



When n timers are continuously installed, the dimension (A) is calculated according to the following formula (n: the number of the timers to be installed): $A = (48 \times n - 2.5)^{+0.6}_{-0.6} \quad A = (1.890 \times n - .098)^{+.004}_{-0.0}$

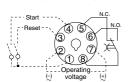
Note) 1: The installation panel thickness should be between 1 and 5 mm .039 and .197 inch.

For connected installations, the waterproofing ability between the unit and installation panel is lost.

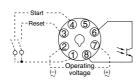
Terminal layouts and Wiring diagrams

• 8-Pin type

Relay output type

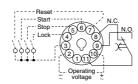


Transistor output type

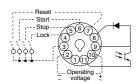


• 11-Pin type

Relay output type

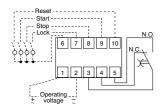


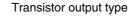
Transistor output type

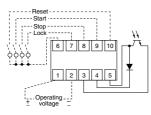


Screw terminal type

Relay output type







Note) For connecting the output leads of the transistor output type, refer to 5) Transistor output on page 48.

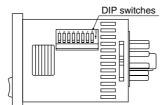
Setting the operation mode and time range

Setting procedure 1) Setting the time range (Timer T₁/Timer T₂)

Set the time range with the DIP switches on the side of the LT4H-W timer.

	Item	DIP switch		
	iteiii	OFF	ON	
1 2	Time range (Timer T ₁)	Refer to table 1		
3	,,			
*4	Minimum input reset, start, and stop signal width	20 ms	1 ms	
5	Time delay direction	Addition	Subtraction	
6	Time renge	Refer to table 2		
7	Time range (Timer T ₂)			
8	(1111161 12)			

^{*} The 8-pin type does not have the stop input, so that the dip switch can be changed over between reset and start inputs. The signal range of the lock input is fixed (minimum 20 ms).



(same for screw terminal type and 8-pin type.)

Table 1: Setting the time range (Timer T₁)

	DIP switch No.		۱o.	Time range
	1	2	3	Time range
	ON	ON	ON	0.01 s to 99.99 s
-	OFF	OFF	OFF	0.1 s to 999.9 s
	ON	OFF	OFF	1 s to 9999 s
	OFF	ON	OFF	0 min 01 s to 99 min 59 s
	ON	ON	OFF	0.1 min to 999.9 min
	OFF	OFF	ON	0 h 01 min to 99 h 59 min
	ON	OFF	ON	0.1 h to 999.9 h
	OFF	ON	ON	1 h to 9999 h

Table 2: Setting the time range (Timer T₂)

\dashv	DII	DIP switch No.		Time range	
	6	7	8	Time range	
	ON	ON	ON	0.01 s to 99.99 s	
	OFF	OFF	OFF	0.1 s to 999.9 s	
	ON	OFF	OFF	1 s to 9999 s	
	OFF	ON	OFF	0 min 01 s to 99 min 59 s	
	ON	ON	OFF	0.1 min to 999.9 min	
	OFF	OFF	ON	0 h 01 min to 99 h 59 min	
	ON	OFF	ON	0.1 h to 999.9 h	
	OFF	ON	ON	1 h to 9999 h	

Notes: 1) Set the DIP switches before installing the timer.

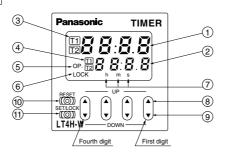
- 2) When the DIP SW setting is changed, turn off the power once.
- 3) The DIP switches are set as ON before shipping.

Setting procedure 2) Setting the operation mode

Set the operation mode with the keys on the front of the LT4H-W timer.

Front display section

- 1 Elapsed time display
- ② Set time display
- 3 T₁/T₂ operation indicator
- 4 T₁/T₂ setting value selectable indicator
- 5 Controlled output indicator
- 6 Lock indicator
- 7 Time units display



8 UP keys

Changes the corresponding digit of the set time in the addition direction (upwards)

DOWN keys

Changes the corresponding digit of the set time in the subtraction direction (downwards)

10 RESET switch

Resets the elapsed time and the output

Ex: Setting operation mode display

(PULSE-A example)

11 SET/LOCK switch

Changes over the display between T₁/T₂ settings, sets the operation mode, checks the operation mode and locks the operation of each key (such as up, down or reset key).

1) Setting or changing the operation mode

- (1) When the UP or DOWN key at the first digit is pressed with the SET/LOCK switch pressed, the mode is changed over to the setting mode.
- (2) Now release the SET/LOCK switch. (3) The operation mode in the setting mode is changed over sequentially in the left or right direction by pressing the UP or DOWN key at the first digit, respectively.

- Integrating input OFF-start Integrating input Pulse input Integrating input OFF-start ON-start
- (4) The operational mode displayed at present is set by pressing the RESET switch, and the display returns to the normal condition.

2) Setting (changing) the time

- (1) Pressing the SET/LOCK key switches the set value display between T1 and T2. Display the timer (T1 or T2) which is to be set (or changed).
- (2) After displaying the timer (T1 or T2) which is to be set, press the UP or DOWN key to change the time.

Checking the operation mode

When the UP or DOWN key at the second digit is pressed with the SET/LOCK switch pressed, the operational mode can be checked. The display returns to the normal condition after indicating the operational mode for about two seconds. (While the display indicates the operational mode for about two seconds, the other indicators continue to operate normally.)

Setting the lock

When the UP or DOWN key at the fourth digit is pressed with the SET/LOCK switch pressed, all keys on the unit are locked. The timer does not accept any of UP, DOWN and RESET keys.

To release the lock setting, press the UP or DOWN key at the fourth digit again with the set/lock switch pressed. * Operational mode, adding and subtracting and minimum input signal range cannot be set at T₁ and T₂, respectively.

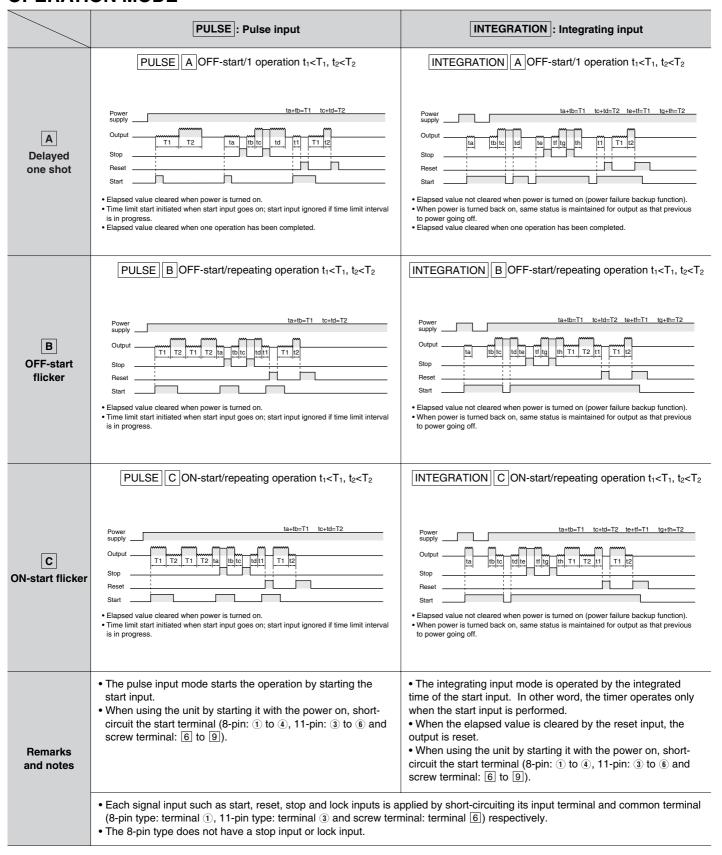
• Changing over the T₁/T₂ setting display

The T1/T2 setting display is changed over by pressing the SET/LOCK switch. (This operation gives no effect on the other operations. The set time and elapsed time (residual time) at T₁ are linked with those at T₂.)

· Changing the set time

- 1) It is possible to change the set time with the UP and DOWN keys even during time delay with the timer. However, be aware of the following points.
 - (1) If the set time is changed to less than the elapsed time with the time delay set to the addition direction, time delay will continue until the elapsed time reaches full scale, returns to zero, and then reaches the new set time. If the set time is changed to a time above the elapsed time, the time delay will continue until the elapsed time reaches the new set time.
 - (2) If the time delay is set to the subtraction direction, time delay will continue until "0" regardless of the new set time.
- 2) When the set times at T1 and T2 are set to 0, the output becomes ON only while the start input is carried out. However, while the reset input is carried out, the output becomes OFF.

OPERATION MODE



PRECAUTIONS IN USING THE LT4H SERIES

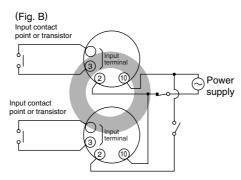
1. Terminal wiring

- 1) When wiring the terminals, refer to the terminal layout and wiring diagrams and be sure to perform the wiring properly without errors.
- 2) When using the instrument with an flush mounting, the screw-down terminal type is recommended. For the pin type, use either the rear terminal block (AT78041) or the 8P cap (AD8-RC) for the 8-pin type, and the rear terminal block (AT78051) or the 11P cap (AT8-DP11) for the 11-pin type. Avoid soldering directly to the round pins on the unit. When using the instrument with a front panel installation, use the DIN rail terminal block (AT8-DF8K) for the 8-pin type and the DIN rail terminal block (AT8-DF11K) for the 11-pin type.
- 3) After turning the unit off, make sure that any resulting induced voltage or residual voltage is not applied to power supply terminals 2 through 7 (8-pin type) 2 through 10 (11-pin type) or 1 and 2 (screw terminal type). (If the power supply wire is wired parallel to the high voltage wire or power wire, an induced voltage may be generated between the power supply terminals.) 4) Have the power supply voltage pass through a switch or relay so that it is applied at one time. If the power supply is applied gradually, the counting may malfunction regardless of the settings, the power supply reset may not function, or other such unpredictable occurrence may result.

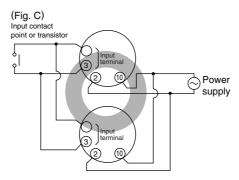
2. Input connections

The power circuit has no transformer (power and input terminals are not insulated). When an input signal is fed to two or more timers at once, do not arrange the power circuit in an independent way. If the timer is powered on and off independently as shown in Fig. A, the timer's internal circuitry may get damaged. Be careful never to allow such circuitry. (Figs. A, B and C show the circuitry for the 11-pin type.)

 If independent power circuitry must be used, keep the input contacts or transistors separate from each other, as shown in Fig. B.



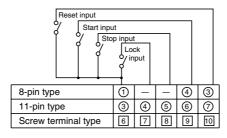
When power circuitry is not independent, one input signal can be fed to two or more counters at once, as shown in Fig. C.



3. Input and output

- 1) Signal input type
- (1) Contact point input

Use highly reliable metal plated contacts. Since the contact point's bounce time leads directly to error in the timer operations, use contacts with as short a bounce time as possible. Also, select a minimum input signal width of 20 ms.



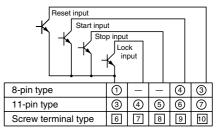
(2) Non-contact point input Connect with an open collector. Use transistors whose characteristics satisfy the criteria given below.

VCEO = 20 V min.

Ic = 20 mA min.

Icbo = $6\mu A$ max.

Also, use transistors with a residual voltage of less than 2 V when the transistor is on.

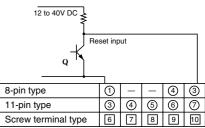


* The short-circuit impedance should be less than 1 $k\Omega$.

[When the impedance is 0 Ω , the current coming from the start input and stop input terminals is approximately 12 mA, and from the reset input and lock input terminals is approximately 1.5 mA.]

Also, the open-circuit impedance should be more than 100 $k\Omega$.

* As shown in the diagram below, from a non-contact point circuit (proximity switches, photoelectric switches, etc.) with a power supply voltage of between 12 and 40 V, the signal can be input without using an open collector transistor. In the case of the diagram below, when the non-contact point transistor Q switches from off to on (when the signal voltage goes from high to low), the signal is input.



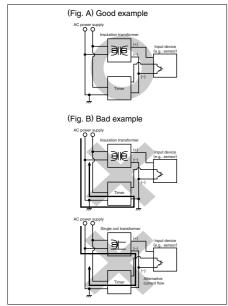
(The above example is for reset input)

- 2) The input mode and output mode change depending on the DIP switch settings. Therefore, before making any connections, be sure to confirm the operation mode and operation conditions currently set.
- 3) The LT4H series use power supply without a transformer (power and input terminals are not insulated). In connecting various kinds of input signals, therefore, use a power transformer in which the primary side is separated from the ungrounded secondary side as shown in Fig. A, for the power supply for a sensor and other input devices so that short-circuiting can be prevented.

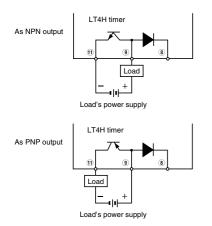
PRECAUTIONS IN USING THE LT4H SERIES

Once the wiring to be used is completely installed and prior to installing this timer, confirm that there is complete insulation between the wires connected to the power terminals (2 each) and the wires connected to each input terminal. If the power and input lines are not insulated, a short-circuit may occur inside the timer and result in internal damage.

In addition, when moving your equipment to a new installation location, confirm that there is no difference in environmental conditions as compared to the previous location.

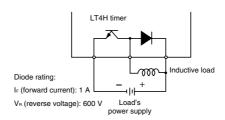


- 4) The input signal is applied by the shorting of each input terminal with the common terminal (terminal ① for 8-pin types, terminal ③ for 11-pin types and terminal ⑥ for screw terminal types). Never connect other terminals or voltages higher than 40V DC, because it may destroy the internal circuitry.
- 5) Transistor output
- (1) Since the transistor output is insulated from the internal circuitry by a photocoupler, it can be used as an NPN output or PNP (equal value) output. (The above example is 11-pin type)



Note: With the 8-pin type, there is no diode between points (§) and (§).

(2) Use the diode connected to the output transistor's collector for absorbing the reverse voltage from induced loads.



- 6) When wiring, use shielded wires or metallic wire tubes, and keep the wire lengths as short as possible.
- 7) For the load of the controlled output, make sure that it is lower than the rated control capacity.

4. Operation of LT4H digital timer

- 1) Turning on and off the power supply while operating in A2* (Power on delay 2) or G (Totalizing On delay) will result in a timer error to be generated due to the characteristics of the internal circuitry. Therefore, use the start input or stop input.
- * Not related to the start input.
- 2) When controlling the timer by turning on the power supply, use only A (Power on delay 1) or A2 (Power on delay 2). Use of other modes in this situation will result in timer errors. When using the other modes, control the timer with the start input or stop input.

5. Operation mode and time range setting

The operation mode and time range can be set with the DIP switches on the side of the timer. Make the DIP switch settings before installing the timer on the panel.

The operation mode of LT4H-W series can be set with the keys and switches on the front of the timer.

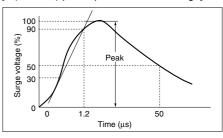
6. Conditions of usage

- 1) Avoid locations subject to flammable or corrosive gases, excessive dust, oil, vibrations, or excessive shocks.
- 2) Since the cover of the timer is made of polycarbonate resin, avoid contact with or use in environments containing methyl alcohol, benzene, thinners, and other organic solvents; and ammonia, caustic sodas, and other alkaline substances.
 3) If power supply surges exceed the values given below, the internal circuits may become damaged. Be sure to use surge absorbing element to prevent this from happening.

	Operating voltage	Surge voltage (peak value)	
AC type		6,000V	
	DC type	1,0001/	
24V AC type		1,000V	

Surge wave form

[\pm (1.2 \times 50) μ s uni-polar full wave voltage]



4) Regarding external noise, the values below are considered the noise-resistant voltages. If voltages rise above these values, malfunctions or damage to the internal circuitry may result, so take the necessary precautions.

Ì		Power supp	Innut		
		AC type	DC type 24V AC type	Input terminals	
	Noise voltage	1,500V	1,000V	600V	

Noise wave form (noise simulator)

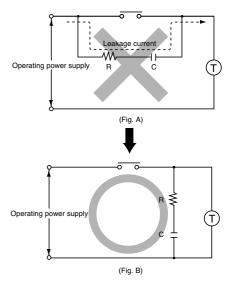
Rise time: 1 ns

Pulse width: 1 μs , 50 ns

Polarity: ±

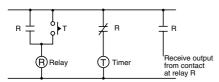
Cycle: 100 cycles/second

5) When connecting the operating power supply, make sure that no leakage current enters the timer. For example, when performing contact protection, if set up like that of fig. A, leaking current will pass through C and R, enter the unit, and cause incorrect operation. The fig. B shows the correct setup.



PRECAUTIONS IN USING THE LT4H SERIES

6) Long periods of continuous operation in the time-up completed condition (one month or more) will result in the weakening of the internal electrical components from the generated heat and, therefore, should be avoided. If you do plan to use the unit for such continuous operation, use in conjunction with a relay as shown in the circuit in the diagram below.



7. Acquisition of CE marking

Please abide by the conditions below when using in applications that comply with EN61812-1.

- 1) Overvoltage category III, pollution level 2
- 2) This timer employs a power supply without a transformer, so the power and input signal terminals are not insulated.
- (1) When a sensor is connected to the input circuit, install double insulation on the sensor side.
- (2) In the case of contact input, use dual-insulated relays, etc.
- 3) The load connected to the output contact should have basic insulation. This timer is protected with basic insulation and can be double-insulated to meet EN/IEC requirements by using basic insulation on the load.

- 4) Please use a power supply that is protected by an overcurrent protection device which complies with the EN/IEC standard (example: 250 V 1 A fuse, etc.).
 5) You must use a terminal socket or
- socket for the installation. Do not touch the terminals or other parts of the timer when it is powered. When installing or un-installing, make sure that no voltage is being applied to any of the terminals. 6) Do not use this timer as a safety cir-
- cuit. For example when using a timer in a heater circuit, etc., provide a protection circuit on the machine side.

7. Self-diagnosis function

If a malfunction occurs, one of the following displays will appear.

Display	Contents	Output condition	Restoration procedure	Preset values after restoration
	Malfunctioning CPU.	OFF		The values at start-up before the CPU malfunction occurred.
	Malfunctioning memory. See note.	OFF		0

Note: Includes the possibility that the EEPROM's life has expired.