



Product Information

# Kleen ATMS

## Heavy Duty Cleaner

### 1664

#### Introduction

Kleen ATMS is an azeotropic blend of AK225, trans- dichloroethylene and methanol, an ideal 1,1,1- trichloroethane (methyl chloroform) replacement. It is designed to be a general cleaner degreaser and defluxer. Having excellent solvency, Kleen ATMS is aggressive towards greases, oils, and similar soils.

#### Features / Benefits

- Non-Flammable
- Rapidly Evaporating
- Zero Residue
- Low Ozone Depletion Potential
- Non-Corrosive
- Replacement for HCFC-141b
- Replacement for 1,1,1 Trichloroethane

#### Physical Properties

<b>Boiling Point</b>	40°C / 104°F
<b>Flash Point (TCC)</b>	None
<b>Evaporation Rate</b>	>1
<b>Surface Tension</b>	
<b>Kauri-Butanol (KB Value)</b>	

#### Chemical Components

3,3-Dichloro-1,1,1,2,2-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-225ca).. (422-56-0)	20-30%-Aerosol 25-30%-Bulk
1,3-Dichloro-1,1,2,2,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-225cb).. (507-55-1)	25-30%-Aerosol 31-36%-Bulk
Trans-dichloroethylene..... (156-60-5)	22-29%-Aerosol 28-32%-Bulk
Methanol..... (67-56-1)	4.8%-Aerosol 6%-Bulk
Nitromethane..... (75-52-5)	<.5%
Aerosol - 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane..... (811-97-2)	18-23%
Carbon Dioxide (Aerosol Propellant)..... (124-38-9)	1-2%

#### Plastic Compatibility

Material	Compatibility	Material	Compatibility
ABS	Not Compatible	PMMA	Not Compatible
Nylon	Excellent	POM	Excellent
Lexan	Not Compatible	PP	Excellent
HDPE	Excellent	PS	Not Compatible
CDPE	Excellent	PTFE	Excellent
C. E. Phenolic	Excellent	PVC	Excellent

## Environmental Policy

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Techspray® is committed to developing products to ensure a safer and cleaner environment. We will continue to meet and sustain the regulations of all federal, state and local government agencies.

## Packaging and Availability

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Kleen ATMS may be ordered in the following container sizes:

1664-8S	8 Ounce Aerosol
1664-18S	18 Ounce Aerosol
1664-G	1 Gallon in Glass
1664-5G	50 Pounds in Metal
1664-54G	600 Pounds in Metal

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Finished Product



MSDS No: 1664-A

### Kleen ATMS

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**PRODUCT NAME:** Kleen ATMS

**GENERAL USE:** General Purpose Cleaning

**PRODUCT DESCRIPTION:** Azeotropic Mixture

**PRODUCT CODE:** 1664/CAN/EUR-8S, 18S

**ACTIVE INGREDIENT(S):** 3,3-Dichloro-1,1,1,2,2-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-225ca); 1,3-Dichloro-1,1,2,2,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-225cb); 1,2-transdichloroethylene (Trans); Nitromethane

#### MANUFACTURER

Techspray, L.P.

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

##### HAZARD DESIGNATION

##### EEC LABEL SYMBOL AND CLASSIFICATION



"T" - Toxic  
R23/25 - Toxic by inhalation and if swallowed.



"F" - Highly flammable  
R11 - Highly flammable.

R63 - Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.

R52/53 - Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

##### EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

**PHYSICAL APPEARANCE:** Transparent, colorless liquid.

**IMMEDIATE CONCERNS:** Warning! High concentrations of vapor can reduce oxygen available for breathing. Harmful if inhaled. May decompose on contact with flames or extremely hot metal surfaces to produce toxic and corrosive products.

##### POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

**EYES:** Substance causes substantial eye irritation.

**SKIN:** Prolonged or repeated contact can result in defatting and drying of the skin which may result in skin irritation and dermatitis (rash).

**INGESTION:** Substance may be harmful if swallowed.

**INHALATION:** High concentrations in immediate area can displace oxygen and can cause dizziness,

unconsciousness, and possibly death with longer exposure. Keep people away from such vapors without self-contained breathing apparatus.

### SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

**EYES:** Liquid splashed in the eye may cause redness, irritation and conjunctivitis.

**SKIN:** Prolonged exposure causes redness, pain, drying and cracking of the skin.

**INGESTION:** For large amounts; abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

**INHALATION:** High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis and loss of consciousness).

**ACUTE TOXICITY:** Overexposure may cause dizziness and loss of concentration. At higher levels, CNS depression and cardiac arrhythmia may result.

### REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

**TERATOGENIC EFFECTS:** Contains Methanol which has been established as a teratogen by inhalation. See Sec.11 for details.

## 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	Wt.%	CAS	EINECS
3,3-Dichloro-1,1,1,2,2-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-225ca)	35 - 45	422-56-0	2070169
1,3-Dichloro-1,1,2,2,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-225cb)	< 5	507-55-1	2080769
1,2-transdichloroethylene (Trans)	25 - 35	156-60-5	205-860-2
Nitromethane	< 1	75-52-5	
Methanol	2 - 5	67-56-1	200-659-6
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a)	18 - 23	811-97-2	223770
Carbon dioxide	1 - 2	124-38-9	

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**EYES:** Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Have eyes examined and tested by medical personnel.

**SKIN:** Immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove clothing. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing separately before reuse.

**INGESTION:** If swallowed, gently wipe or rinse the inside of the mouth with water. DO NOT induce vomiting. Sips of water may be given if person is fully conscious. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Immediately contact a poison control center, emergency room or physician as further treatment may be necessary.

**INHALATION:** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**FLASHPOINT AND METHOD:** None : . . . . ASTM D-56 (Tag C.C.)

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Use alcohol foam, carbon dioxide, or water spray when fighting fires involving this material.

**FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:** Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool and to knock down vapors which may result from product decomposition.

**FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT:** As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

**OSHA TABLE COMMENTS:**

1. NOT ESTABLISHED
2. \* (AEL)=Acceptable Exposure Limit as established by the manufacture
3. S = Skin

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:** Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary to control any air contaminants to within their TLVs during the use of this product.

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT**

**EYES AND FACE:** For normal conditions, wear safety glasses. Where there is reasonable probability of liquid contact, wear splash-proof goggles.

**SKIN:** The glove(s) listed below may provide protection against permeation. Gloves of other chemically resistant materials may not provide adequate protection. Viton, Solvex, Butyl, Buna, Neoprene.

**RESPIRATORY:** A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

**OTHER USE PRECAUTIONS:** Emergency shower and eyewash facility should be in close proximity.

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Chemical Name	Flash Point	Boiling Point (°C)	Freezing Point (°C)	Auto Ignition (°C)	Solubility in Water	Specific Gravity	Specific Volume
1,2-transdichloroethylene (Trans)	36	48	-50		slight	1.257	
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a)		-26.4	-101		NEGLIGIBLE	1.21	

**ODOR:** Faint ethereal odor

**APPEARANCE:** Clear, Colorless liquid

**PERCENT VOLATILE:** 100 at 20°C (68°F)

**VAPOR DENSITY:** 4 (Air=1)

**BOILING POINT:** to 44.6°C (114°F)

**SOLUBILITY IN WATER:** Insoluble

**EVAPORATION RATE:** > 1 (H<sub>2</sub>O=1)

**SPECIFIC GRAVITY:** 1.400 (water=1)

**(VOC):** 517.000 g/L (non-exempt VOC)

**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**STABILITY:** Stable.

**POLYMERIZATION:** Will not occur.

**CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** Stable. However, may decompose if heated.

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** When exposed to high temperatures or flames this product may form hydrochloric and hydrofluoric acids - possibly carbonyl halides.

**INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:** Incompatible with alkali or alkaline earth metals - powdered Al, Zn, Be, etc.

**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Chemical Name	Wt.%	CAS	Comments
3,3-Dichloro-1,1,1,2,2-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-225ca)	35 - 45	422-56-0	
1,3-Dichloro-1,1,2,2,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-225cb)	< 5	507-55-1	
Methanol	2 - 5	67-56-1	

**TITLE III NOTES:** Not listed as an Extremely Hazardous Substance.

### 302/304 EMERGENCY PLANNING

**EMERGENCY PLAN:** Methanol (#67-56-1)

### CERCLA (COMPREHENSIVE RESPONSE, COMPENSATION, AND LIABILITY ACT)

**CERCLA REGULATORY:** Releases to air, land, or water which exceed the RQ must be reported to the National Response Center [(800)424-8802] and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

Chemical Name	Wt.%	CERCLA RQ
1,2-transdichloroethylene (Trans)	25 - 35	1000 lbs.
Methanol	2 - 5	1* lbs.

**CERCLA RQ:** Trans-1,2-dichloroethylene is listed in Table 302.4 of 40 CFR Part 302 as a hazardous substance. Reportable Quantity = 1,000 lbs.

### TSCA (TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT)

Chemical Name	CAS	TSCA SECTION
3,3-Dichloro-1,1,1,2,2-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-225ca)	422-56-0	
1,3-Dichloro-1,1,2,2,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-225cb)	507-55-1	
1,2-transdichloroethylene (Trans)	156-60-5	
Methanol	67-56-1	
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a)	811-97-2	

**TSCA REGULATORY:** All chemicals in this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory.

### CLEAN AIR ACT

Chemical Name	Wt.%	CAS
3,3-Dichloro-1,1,1,2,2-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-225ca)	35 - 45	422-56-0
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a)	18 - 23	811-97-2

**CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65:** This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.

### CANADA

**WHMIS (WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION SYSTEM):** This MSDS has been prepared according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

**WHMIS CLASS:** Class A, Class D2B.

### EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

#### EEC LABEL SYMBOL AND CLASSIFICATION



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