

Freezer

Diagnostic Freeze Spray 1672

Introduction

An HFC-134a based, rapidly evaporating liquid that can chill to -62°F (-52°C). Because HFCs do not harm the ozone, this product has a zero ozone depletion factor. Used as a troubleshooting aid for intermittently faulting capacitors, resistors, semi-conductors, and other defective components. It also detects cold solder joints, cracks in printed circuit boards, and oxidized junctions.

Features / Benefits

Non-Flammable Non-Ozone Depleting Chills to -62°F (-52°C) Zero Residue

Chemical Components

Environmental Policy

Techspray® is committed to developing products to ensure a safer and cleaner environment. We will continue to meet and sustain the regulations of all federal, state and local government agencies.

Packaging and Availability

Freezer is available in the following sizes:

1672-10S	10 Ounce Aerosol
1672-15S	15 Ounce Aerosol

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Finished Product



MSDS Ref. No: ms1672-A

Freezer

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: Freezer **PRODUCT DESCRIPTION:** HFC-134a **PRODUCT CODE:** 1672/CAN/EUR-10S, 15S **CHEMICAL FAMILY:** Hydrofluorocarbons

MANUFACTURER

Techspray, L.P.

2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>Content</u>	<u>CAS</u>	EINECS
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a)	100	811-97- 2	223770

EEC LABEL SYMBOL AND CLASSIFICATION

Currently not classified according to EEC Directives.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

PHYSICAL APPEARANCE: Clear, Colorless, Volatile Liquid

IMMEDIATE CONCERNS: Warning! High concentrations of vapor can reduce oxygen available for breathing. Harmful if inhaled. May decompose on contact with flames or extremely hot metal surfaces to produce toxic and corrosive products.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

EYES: Liquid contact can cause irritation, which may be severe.

SKIN: Prolonged or repeated contact can result in defatting and drying of the skin which may result in skin irritation and dermatitis (rash).

INHALATION: High concentrations in immediate area can displace oxygen and can cause dizziness, unconsciousness, and possibly death with longer exposure. Keep people away from such vapors without self-contained breathing apparatus.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

EYES: Can cause severe eye irritation.

SKIN: Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vaporizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold" burn).

INHALATION: High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis and loss of consciousness).

ACUTE TOXICITY: Overexposure may cause dizziness and loss of concentration. At higher levels, CNS depression and cardiac arrhythmia may result.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water. Get medical attention, if irritation persists.

SKIN: In case of cold burns (frostbite) caused by rapidly expanding gas or vaporizing liquids, get medical attention promptly.

INGESTION: Ingestion is unlikely because of the physical properties and is not expected to be hazardous. Do not induce vomiting unless instructed to do so by a physician.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or give oxygen by trained personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: Because of the possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm, catecholamine drugs, such as epinephrine, should be used with special caution and only in situations of emergency life support. Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical conditions.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASHPOINT AND METHOD: Not Applicable

FLAMMABLE LIMITS: None*

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: > 750°C (1382°F)

FLAMMABLE CLASS: Not Applicable

FLAME PROPAGATION OR BURNING RATE OF SOLIDS: Not Applicable

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: As appropriate for combustibles in area.

EXPLOSION HAZARDS: This product is not flammable at ambient temperatures and atmospheric pressure.

However, this material may become combustible when mixed with air under pressure and exposed to strong ignition sources.

FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Use water spray to cool containers.

FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT: As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

COMMENTS: *Based on ASHRAE Standard 34 with match ignition.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

GENERAL PROCEDURES: Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.

RELEASE NOTES: Spills and releases may have to be reported to Federal and/or local authorities.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING: Follow standard safety precautions for handling and use of compressed gas cylinders.

STORAGE: Store in a cool place in original container and protect from sunlight.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES:

OSHA HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

	EXPOSURE LIMITS						
Chemical Name		<u>OSHA PEL</u>		ACGIH TLV		<u>Supplier OEL</u>	
		ppm	mg/m ³	<u>ppm</u>	mg/m ³	<u>ppm</u>	mg/m ³
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a)	TWA	NE		NE		1,000 ppm ^[1]	

OSHA TABLE COMMENTS:

1. * (AEL)=Acceptable Exposure Limit as established by the manufacture

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary to control any air contaminants to within their TLVs during the use of this product.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

EYES AND FACE: Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

SKIN: Skin contact with liquid may cause frostbite. General work clothing and gloves (leather) should provide adequate protection. If prolonged contact with the liquid or gas is anticipated, insulated gloves constructed of PVA, neoprene or butyl rubber should be used. Any contaminated clothing should be promptly removed and washed before reuse.

RESPIRATORY: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE: Gas ODOR: Faint ethereal odor pH: Neutral PERCENT VOLATILE: 100 at 20°C (68°F) VAPOR PRESSURE: 85.8 psi at 21.1°C (70°F) VAPOR DENSITY: 3.5 (Air=1) BOILING POINT: -26.2°C (-15.1°F) FREEZING POINT: -101°C (-149.8°F) SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Negligible EVAPORATION RATE: > 1 (CCL4=1) SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.22 (water=1) at 20°C (68°F) MOLECULAR WEIGHT: 102 (VOC) NOTES: Exempt

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABLE: YES

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: NO

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Stable. However, may decompose if heated.

STABILITY: Stable.

POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Whem exposed to high temperatures or flames this product may form hydrochloric and hydrofluoric acids - possibly carbonyl halides.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Chemically active metals: potassium, calcium, powdered aluminum, magnesium and zinc.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INGREDIENT(S)

ORAL LD 50 (rat) DERMAL LD 50 (rabbit) INHALATION LC 50 (rat) 500000 - ppm

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a) ACUTE

INHALATION LC₅₀: > 500000 ppm, 4-hour

SENSITIZATION: Cardiac sensitization threshold (dog) 80,000 ppm. NOEL - 50,000 ppm.

SUBCHRONIC: Subchronic inhalation (rat) NOEL - 50,000 ppm

PRESSURE GENERATING: YES ACUTE: YES

313 REPORTABLE INGREDIENTS: Not considered a SARA 313 "Toxic Chemical".

CERCLA (COMPREHENSIVE RESPONSE, COMPENSATION, AND LIABILITY ACT)

CERCLA REGULATORY: Releases to air, land, or water which exceed the RQ must be reported to the National Response Center [(800)424-8802] and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

TSCA (TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT)

TSCA REGULATORY: This product is listed on the TSCA Inventory.

CANADA

WHMIS CLASS: Class A, Class D2B.

DOMESTIC SUBSTANCE LIST (INVENTORY): All components of this product are listed on the Canadian DSL.

EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

EEC LABEL SYMBOL AND CLASSIFICATION

Currently not classified according to EEC Directives.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65: This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.

GENERAL COMMENTS: 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane is subject to U.S. Environmental Agency Clean Air Act Regulations, (40CFR Part 82).

COMMENTS: WARNING: Contains 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a), a greenhouse gas which may contribute to global warming.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

APPROVED BY: Dana M. Morelos TITLE: Chemist

PREPARED BY: Steve Cook

REVISION SUMMARY Revision #: 5 This MSDS replaces the October 18, 2005 MSDS. Any changes in information are as follows: In Section 1 Product Code

HMIS RATING



