# Migrate to the new Agilent MXG X-Series signal generator and generate true performance

The new MXG exceeds the ESG's performance in every category - output power, phase noise, spurious, and low frequency coverage to 9 kHz. Enjoy frequency and amplitude switching speeds that are 10 to 20 times faster, all in a compact, 3.5 inch (89 mm) tall unit. For more information visit



# Agilent E4428C ESG Analog Signal Generator

Data sheet



All specifications apply over a 0 to 55 °C range (unless otherwise stated) and apply after a 45 minute warm-up time. Supplemental characteristics, denoted as typical, nominal, or measured, provide additional (non-warranted) information at 25 °C, which may be useful in the application of the product.

### Definitions

Specifications: Represents warranted performance.

**Typical:** Represents characteristic performance which is non-warranted. Describes performance that will be met by a minimum of 80% of all products. All typical values are indicated by parenthesis.

**Nominal:** Represents characteristic performance which is non-warranted. Represents the value of a parameter that is most likely to occur; the expected mean or average.

**Measured:** Represents characteristic performance which is non-warranted. Represents the value of a parameter measured on an instrument during design stage.



**Agilent Technologies** 

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### **Key Features**

#### **Key standard features**

- · Industry-leading spectral purity
- Superior level accuracy
- · High output power
- · High-stability timebase
- Wideband FM and  $\Phi M$
- Excellent modulation accuracy and stability
- · Step and list sweep, both frequency and power
- · Built-in function generator
- · Lightweight, rack-mountable
- 2-year calibration cycle

#### **Optional performance**

- Option 503, frequency range from 250 kHz to 3 GHz (electronic attenuator standard)
- Option 506, frequency range from 250 kHz to 6 GHz (mechanical attenuator only)
- Option UNB, higher output with mechanical attenuator **Note:** Option 506 is standard with the high power mechanical attenuator used in Option UNB, and therefore, both options cannot be ordered together.
- Option 1EM, move all front panel connectors to rear panel

### Frequency

Frequency range	)			
Option				
503	250 kHz to 3 GH	Iz [electronic at	tenuator star	ndard]
506	250 kHz to 6 GH	Iz [mechanical	attenuator on	ly]
Frequency minin	<b>num</b> 100 k	Hz <sup>1</sup>		
Frequency resol	ution 0.01 l	Hz		
Frequency switc	hing speed			
	Opti	on 503	Optic	on 506
	Freq. <sup>2</sup>	Freq./Amp. <sup>3</sup>	Freq. <sup>2</sup>	Freq./Amp. <sup>3</sup>
	(< 9 ms)	(< 9 ms)	(< 16 ms)	(< 17 ms)
[For hops <	5 MHz within a ba	nd]	. ,	. ,
	(< 9 ms)	(< 9 ms)	(< 12 ms)	(< 14 ms)
Phase offset	Phase is adjust in nominal 0.1 °	, ,	AN, GPIB, R	S-232] or via front panel

#### Sweep modes

Operating modes	Frequency step, amplitude step and arbitrary list		
Dwell time	1 ms to 60 s		
Number of points	2 to 65,535 (Step) 2 to 1601 (List)		

### Internal reference oscillator

Stability	
Aging rate	< ±0.1 ppm/yr or
T 10 . 55 001	$< \pm 0.0005$ ppm/day after 45 days
Temp [0 to 55 °C]	(< ±0.05 ppm)
Line voltage	(< ±0.002 ppm)
Line voltage range	(+5% to -10%)
RF reference input requir	ements
Frequency	1, 2, 5, 10 MHz ±0.2 ppm
RF reference output	
Frequency	10 MHz
Amplitude	4 dBm ±2 dB

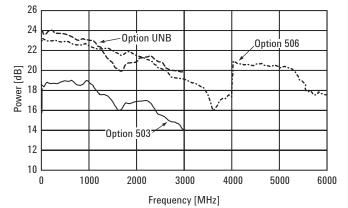
1. Performance below 250 kHz not guaranteed.

To within 0.1 ppm of final frequency above 250 MHz or within 100 Hz below 250 MHz.
 Frequency switching time with the amplitude settled within ±0.1 dB.

### Output power

Power		Option UNB	
	Option 503	Option 503	Option 506
250 kHz to 250 MHz	+11 to -136 dBm	+15 to -136 dBm	+12 to -136 dBm
> 250 MHz to 1 GHz	+13 to -136 dBm	+17 to –136 dBm	+14 to -136 dBm
> 1 to 3 GHz	+10 to -136 dBm	+16 to -136 dBm	+13 to -136 dBm
> 3 to 6 GHz	N/A	N/A	+10 to -136 dBm

#### Maximum available power (measured)



0.02 dB						
Level range with Attenuator Hold active						
	Option UNB					
Option 503	Option 503	Option 506				
23 dB	27 dB	24 dB				
20 dB	26 dB	23 dB				
N/A	N/A	20 dB				
	<i>ator Hold</i> active <i>Option 503</i> 23 dB 20 dB	ator Hold activeOption UNBOption 503Option 50323 dB27 dB20 dB26 dB				

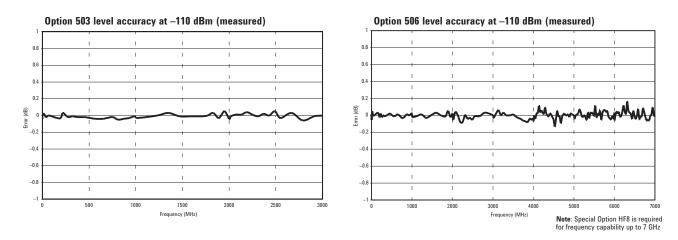
Option 5031				
_		Power	level	
_	+7 to	–50 to	–110 to	< –127 dBm
	–50 dBm	–110 dBm	—127 dBm	
250 kHz to 2.0 GHz	±0.5	±0.5	±0.7	(±1.5)
2.0 to 3 GHz	±0.6	±0.6	±0.8	(±2.5)

#### **Option UNB**<sup>2</sup>

_	Power level				
	+10 to	–50 to	-110 to	<127 dBm	
	–50 dBm	–110 dBm	–127 dBm		
250 kHz to 2.0 GHz	±0.5	±0.7	±0.8	(±1.5)	
2.0 to 3 GHz	±0.6	±0.8	±1.0	(±2.5)	

#### Option 506<sup>3</sup>

Power level				
+7 to	–50 to	-110 to	<127 dBm	
–50 dBm	–110 dBm	–127 dBm		
±0.6	±0.8	±0.8	(±1.5)	
±0.6	±0.8	±1.0	(±2.5)	
±0.8	±0.9	±1.5	(±2.5)	
±0.8	±0.9	(±1.5)		
	-50 dBm ±0.6 ±0.6 ±0.8	+7 to     -50 to       -50 dBm     -110 dBm       ±0.6     ±0.8       ±0.6     ±0.8       ±0.8     ±0.9	$\begin{array}{cccc} +7 \ to & -50 \ to & -110 \ to \\ -50 \ dBm & -110 \ dBm & -127 \ dBm \\ \pm 0.6 & \pm 0.8 & \pm 0.8 \\ \pm 0.6 & \pm 0.8 & \pm 1.0 \\ \pm 0.8 & \pm 0.9 & \pm 1.5 \end{array}$	

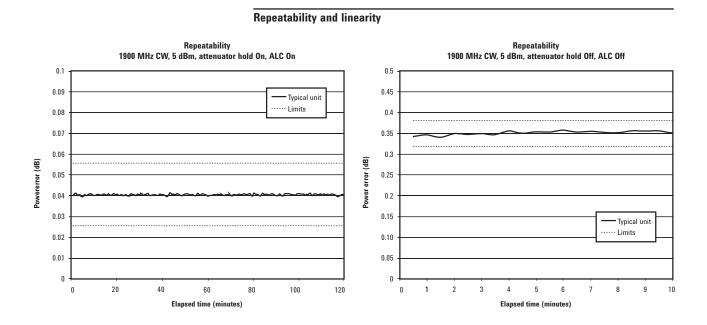


Level accuracy with ALC off	(±0.15 dB) [relative to ALC on]
Conditions:	After power search is executed.

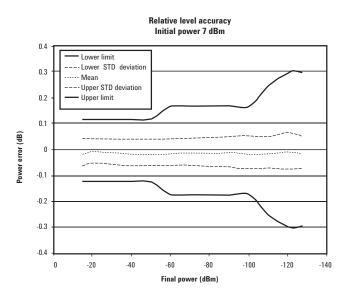
Level switching speed Option UNB				
	Option 503	Option 503	Option 506	
Normal operation [ALC on]	(< 15 ms)	(< 21 ms)	(< 21 ms)	
When using power search manual	(< 83 ms)	(< 95 ms)	(< 95 ms)	
When using power search auto	(< 103 ms)	(< 119 ms)	(< 119 ms)	

- 2. Quoted specifications for 23 °C ±5 °C. Accuracy degrades by less than 0.03 dB/°C over full temperature range. Accuracy degrades by 0.2 dB above +10 dBm, and by 0.8 dB above +13 dBm.
- 3. Quoted specifications for 23 °C ±5 °C. Accuracy degrades by less than 0.02 dB/°C over full temperature range. Accuracy degrades by 0.2 dB above +7 dBm.

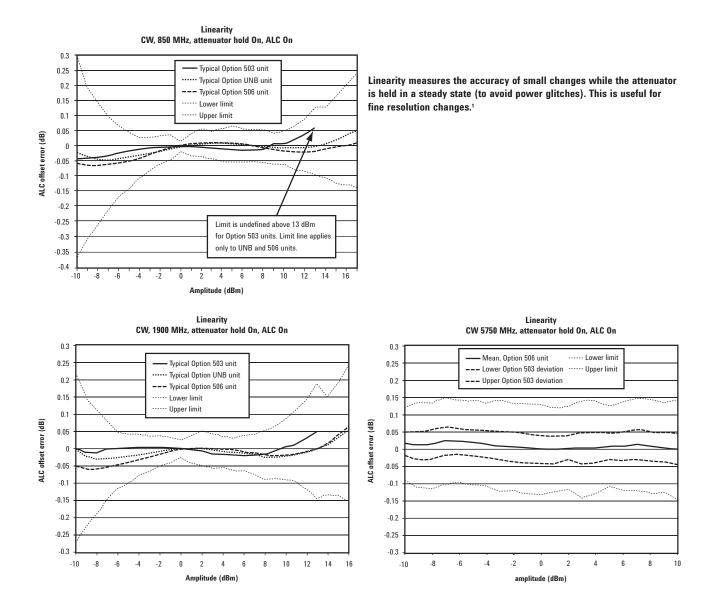
<sup>1.</sup> Quoted specifications for 23 °C ±5 °C. Accuracy degrades by less than 0.03 dB/°C over full temperature range. Accuracy degrades by 0.3 dB above +7 dBm, and by 0.8 dB above +10 dBm.



Repeatability measures the ability of the instrument to return to a given power setting after a random excursion to any other frequency and power setting. It is a relative measurement that reflects the difference in dB between the maximum and minimum power readings for a given setting over a specific time interval. It should not be confused with absolute power accuracy, which is measured in dBm.<sup>1</sup>



Relative level accuracy measures the accuracy of a step change from any power level to any other power level. This is useful for large changes (i.e. 5 dB steps).<sup>1</sup>



1. Repeatability and relative level accuracy are typical for all frequency ranges.

#### **Spectral purity**

### SSB Phase noise [at 20 kHz offset]

SSD Fildse livise [a	at 20 KHZ UHSELJ			
at 500 MHz	< -135 dBa	:/Hz, (< —13	38 dBc/Hz)	
at 1 GHz	< -130 dBc/Hz, (< -134 dBc/Hz)			
at 2 GHz	< -124 dBc/Hz, (< -128 dBc/Hz)			
at 3 GHz		:/Hz, (< −12	,	
at 4 GHz		∕Hz, (< –12		
at 6 GHz		:/Hz, (< −1	· ·	
Residual FM [CW	mode, 0.3 to 3 kH	Iz BW, CCIT	T, rms]	
	<	N x 1 Hz (<	<pre>N x 0.5 Hz)<sup>1</sup></pre>	
Harmonics <sup>2</sup> [outpu	ıt level ≤ +4 dBm	Option 503	, ≤ +7.5 dBm Option	UNB,
	$\leq$ +4.5 dBm Opt	ion 506] < -	-30 dBc above 1 GHz	<u>,</u>
	(<30 dBc 1 GH	Iz and below	N)	
Nonharmonics³ [≤	+7 dBm output le	evel decreas	ses, ≤ +4 dBm Optio	n 506]⁴
		3 kHz	> 10kHz	
		set	offset	
250 kHz to 250		-65 dBc	(< -58 dBc)	
250 MHz to 50		-80 dBc	<	
500 MHz to 1 GHz		-80 dBc	<80 dBc	
1 to 2 GHz		-74 dBc	<74 dBc	
2 to 4 GHz		-68 dBc	<68 dBc	
4 to 6 GHz		-62 dBc	< -62 dBc	
Subharmonics				
≤ 1 GHz	N	one		
> 1 GHz	N	one		
Jitter in µUI₅₀				
Carrier	SONET/SDH		ms jitter	
frequency	data rates		andwidth	(µUI rms)
155 MHz	155 MB/s		Iz to 1.5 MHz	(78)
622 MHz	622 MB/s		Iz to 5 MHz	(46)
2.488 GHz	2488 MB/s	5 kH	z to 15 MHz	(74)
Jitter in seconds Carrier	CONICT /COUL		ma iittar	
	SONET/SDH		ms jitter andwidth	
<u>frequency</u> 155 MHz	<i>data rates</i> 155 MB/s		Iz to 1.5 MHz	(0.6 pc)
622 MHz	622 MB/s		12 to 5 MHz	(0.6 ps)
622 MHZ 2.488 GHz	2488 MB/s		z to 15 MHz	(74 fs) (30 fs)
2.400 002	2400 IVID/S	υ KΠ		(30 fs)

- 2. Harmonic performance outside the operating range of the instrument is typical.
- 3. Spurs outside the operating range of the instrument are not specified.

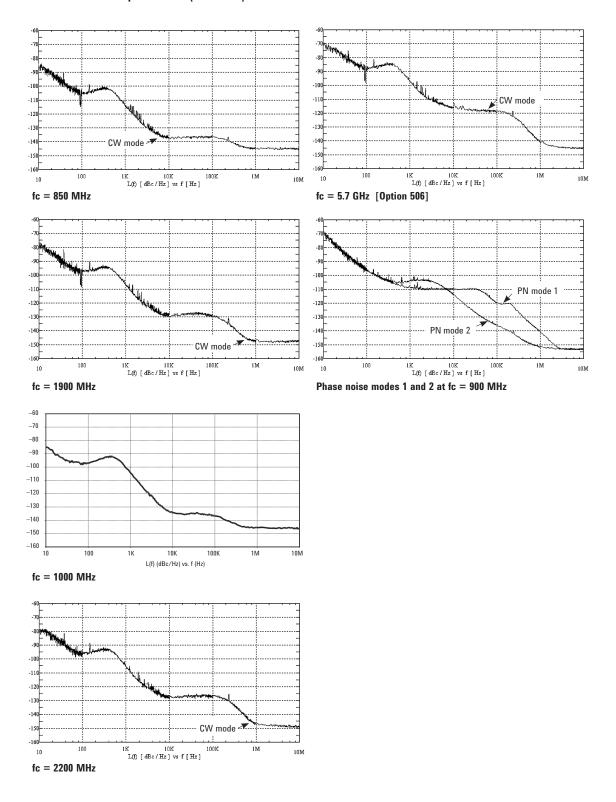
6. For other frequencies, data rates, or bandwidths, wplease contact your sales representative.

<sup>1.</sup> Refer to frequency bands on page 11 for N values.

<sup>4.</sup> Specifications apply for CW mode only.

<sup>5.</sup> Calculated from phase noise performance in CW mode only at -2.5 dBm for Option 503 instruments, -0.5 dBm with Option 506, and +2.5 dBm with Option UNB.

#### Characteristic SSB phase noise (measured)



### **Frequency bands**

Band	Frequency range	N number
1	250 kHz to $\leq$ 250 MHz	1
2	> 250 MHz to $\leq$ 500 MHz	0.5
3	> 500 MHz to $\leq$ 1GHz	1
4	$> 1$ to $\leq 2$ GHz	2
5	$> 2$ to $\leq 4$ GHz	4
6	$> 4$ to $\leq 6$ GHz	8

### Frequency modulation<sup>1</sup>

Maximum deviation <sup>2</sup>		
	N x 1 MHz	
Resolution	0.1% of deviation or 1 Hz, whichever is greater	
Modulation frequency	r <b>ate</b> [deviation = 100 kH	z]
Coupling	1 dB bandwidth	3 dB bandwidth
FM path 1[DC]	DC to 100 kHz	(DC to 10 MHz)
FM path 2 [DC]	DC to 100 kHz	(DC to 0.9 MHz)
FM path 1 [AC]	20 Hz to 100 kHz	(5 Hz to 10 MHz)
FM path 2 [AC]	20 Hz to 100 kHz	(5 Hz to 0.9 MHz)
Deviation accuracy <sup>2</sup> [1	kHz rate, deviation < N	x 100 kHz]
	$<\pm$ 3.5% of FM deviat	tion + 20 Hz
Carrier frequency accu	racy relative to CW in I	DCFM <sup>2,3</sup>
	±0.1% of set deviation	n + (N x 1 Hz)
Distortion <sup>2</sup> [1 kHz rate,	dev.= N x 100 kHz]	
	< 1%	
FM using external inpu	its 1 or 2	
Sensitivity	1 $V_{\text{peak}}$ for indicated deviation	
Input impedance	50 Ω, nominal	
The FM 2 path is I		ernally for composite modulation. te of 1 MHz. The FM 2 path must be

<sup>1.</sup> All analog performance above 3 GHz is typical.

Refer to frequency bands on this page to compute specifications.
 At the calibrated deviation and carrier frequency, within 5 °C of ambient temperature at time of calibration.

### Phase modulation<sup>1</sup>

Resolution	0.1% of set deviation		
Modulation frequency	response <sup>2</sup>		
	Maximum	Allowable rat	es [3 dB BW]
Mode	deviation	ØM path 1	ØM path 2
Normal BW	N x 10 radians	DC to 100 kHz	DC to 100 kHz
High BW	N x 1 radians	(DC to 1 MHz)	(DC to 0.9 MHz)
Deviation accuracy [1	kHz rate, Normal BW	' mode]	
	< ±5% of deviation	ı + 0.01 radians	
<b>Distortion</b> <sup>2</sup> [1 kHz rate,	deviation, < 10N rad < 1%	ians, Normal BW mode	9]
ØM using external inp	uts 1 or 2		
Sensitivity	1 $V_{\scriptscriptstyle peak}$ for indicated deviation		
Input impedance	50 Ω, nominal		
Paths	ØM path 1 and ØM path 2 are summed internally for composite modulation. The ØM 2 path is limited to a maximum rate of 1 MHz. ØM path 2 must be set to a deviation less than the ØM path 1.		

<sup>1.</sup> All analog performance above 3 GHz is typical.

Refer to frequency bands on page 11 for N.
 Bandwidth is automatically selected based on deviation.

#### Amplitude modulation<sup>1, 2</sup>

[fc > 500 kHz]

Range	0 to 100%	0 to 100%		
Resolution	0.1%			
Rates [3 dB bandwidth	ı]			
DC coupled	0 to 10 kHz			
AC coupled	10 Hz to 10 kHz			
Accuracy <sup>2,3</sup>	1 kHz rate < =	1 kHz rate $ < \pm (6\% \text{ of setting } +1\%) $		
Distortion <sup>2,3</sup> [1 kHz rate	e, THD]			
	Option 503	Option 506		
30% AM	< 1.5%	< 1.5%		
90% AM	(< 4%)	(< 4%) (< 5%)		
AM using external inp	outs 1 or 2			
Sensitivity	$1  V_{_{\text{peak}}}$ to achieve	1 $V_{_{\text{peak}}}$ to achieve indicated depth		
Input impedance	50 Ω, nominal	50 Ω, nominal		
Paths		AM path 1 and AM path 2 are summed internally for composite modulation.		

<sup>1.</sup> All analog performance above 3 GHz is typical.

AM is typical above 3 GHz.
 Peak envelope power of AM must be 3 dB less than maximum output power below 250 MHz.

### Pulse modulation

<b>On/off ratio</b> < 4 GHz	> 80 dB		
> 4 GHz	(> 64 dB)		
Rise/fall times	(150 ns)		
Minimum width			
ALC on	(2 µs)		
ALC off	(0.4 μs)		
Pulse repetition frequ			
ALC on	(10 Hz to 250 kHz)		
ALC off	(DC to 1.0 MHz)		
	<b>Level accuracy</b> <sup>i</sup> [relative to CW at $\leq$ 4 dBm Option 503, $\leq$ 7.5 dBm Option UNB, $\leq$ 4.5 dBm Option 506] (< $\pm$ 1 dB)		
Pulse modulation usin	g external inputs		
Input voltage			
RF on	> +0.5 V, nominal		
RF off	< +0.5 V, nominal		
Input impedance	50 Ω, nominal		
Internal pulse generat	tor		
Square wave rate Pulse	e 0.1 Hz to 20 kHz		
Period	8 µs to 30 seconds		
Width	4 µs to 30 seconds		
Resolution	2 µs		

1. With ALC off, specifications apply after the execution of power search. With ALC on, specifications apply for pulse repetition rates  $\leq$  10 kHz and pulse widths  $\geq$  5 µs.

### Internal analog modulation source

[Provides FM, AM, pulse, and phase modulation signals and LF audio out]

Waveforms	sine, square, ramp, triangle, pulse, noise	
Rate range		
Sine	0.1 Hz to 100 kHz	
Square, ramp, triangle	0.1 Hz to 20 kHz	
Resolution	0.1 Hz	
Frequency accuracy	same as RF reference source	
Swept sine mode [frequency, p	hase continuous]	
Operating modes	Triggered or continuous sweeps	
Frequency range	0.1 Hz to 100 kHz	
Sweep time	1 ms to 65 sec	
Resolution	1 ms	
Dual sinewave mode		
Frequency range	0.1 Hz to 100 kHz	
Amplitude ratio	0 to 100%	
Amplitude ratio resolution	0.1%	
LF audio out mode		
Amplitude	0 to 2.5 $V_{_{\text{peak}}}$ into 50 $\Omega$	
Output impedance	50 Ω nominal	
Noise		
Noise with adjustable amp (RMS value is approximate	litude generated as a peak-to-peak value Iy 80% of displayed value)	

#### **External modulation inputs**

#### Modulation types Ext 1 Ext 2

FM, ØM, AM, pulse FM, ØM, AM, and pulse

High/Low Indicator [100 Hz to 10 MHz BW, AC coupled inputs only]. Activated when input level error exceeds 3% [nominal].

Composite modulation	AM, FM, and ØM each consist of two modulation paths which are summed internally for composite modulation. The modulation sources may be any two of the following: Internal, External 1, External 2.
Simultaneous modulation	Multiple modulation types may be simultaneously enabled. For example, AM, and FM

Multiple modulation types may be simultaneously enabled. For example, AM, and FM can run concurrently and all will affect the output RF. This is useful for simulating signal impairments. There are some exceptions: FM and ØM cannot be combined. Two modulation types cannot be generated simultaneously by the same modulation source.

### **General Characteristics**

**Operating characteristics** 

Power requirements	90 to 254 V; 50 or 60 Hz; 300 W maximum, power factor corrected. Not for 400 Hz use.'		
Operating temperature range <sup>2</sup>	0 to 55 °C		
Storage temperature range	-40 to 70 °C		
Shock and vibration	Meets MIL-STD-	28800E Type III, Cla	ass 3.
Leakage	Conducted and it to CISPR 11.	radiated emissions o	conform
	2-turn loop] at ≤ resonant dipole	ally < 1 μV [nomina : 1000 MHz, measur antenna, one inch f I < 0 dBm [all input ted].	ed with a rom any surface
Storage registers	Age registers Memory is shared by instrument states, user data sweep list files and waveform sequences. Depen- the number and size of these files, up to 100 stor registers and 1000 register sequences [10 per reg are available.		ences. Depending on up to 100 storage
Weight < 16 kg [35 lb.] net, < 23 kg [50 lb.] shippir		shipping	
Dimensions	133 mm H x 426 mm W x 432 mm D [5.25 in H x 16.8 in W x 17 in D]		
Remote programming			
Interface	GPIB [IEEE-488.2-1987] with listen and talk, RS-232, LAN [10BaseT].		
Control languages <sup>3</sup>	SCPI version 1996.0, also compatible with 8662A, 8663A, 8656B and 8657A/B/C/D/J1 mnemonics.		
Functions controlled	All front panel functions except power switch and knob.		
ISO compliant	The E4428C ESG is manufactured in an ISO-9001 registered facility in concurrence with Agilent Technologies commitment to quality.		ith
Reverse power protection			
	Option 503	Option 506	
250 kHz to 2 GHz > 2 to 4 GHz	47 dBm 44 dBm	30 dBm 30 dBm	
> 4 to 6 GHz	N/A	30 dBm	
Max DC voltage	40 V		
SWR			
	Option 503	Option UNB	Option 506
250 kHz to 2.2 GHz	(< 1.5:1)	(< 1.5:1)	(< 1.6:1)
> 2.2 GHz to 3 GHz	(< 1.4:1)	(< 1.5:1)	(< 1.4:1)
> 3 GHz to 4 GHz > 4 GHz to 6 GHz	(< 1.5:1) N/A	(< 1.7:1) N/A	(< 1.7:1) (< 1.9:1)
4 4 טחע נט 0 טחע	N/A	IN/ A	(< 1.8:1)
Output impedance	50 $\Omega$ nominal		

<sup>1.</sup> For 400 Hz systems, order transformer 70001-60066.

Save and recall of user files and instrument states from non-volatile storage is guaranteed only over the range 0 to 40 °C.
 ESG series does not implement 8657A/B "Standby" or "On" [R0 or R1, respectively] mnemonics.

### **General Characteristics**

Accessories	Transit case	Part number 9211-1296
<b>Inputs and outputs</b> All front panel connectors can be moved to rear with Option 1EM.	10 MHz input	Accepts a 1, 2, 5, or 10 MHz ±0.2 ppm. Nominal input level –3.5 to +20 dBm, impedance 50 ohms. [BNC, rear panel]
	10 MHz output	Outputs the 10 MHz reference signal. Level nominally +3.9 dBm ±2 dB. Nominal output impedance 50 ohms. [BNC, rear panel]
	External 1 input	This BNC input connector accepts a $\pm 1 V_{peak}$ signal for AM, FM, pulse, and phase modulation. For all these modulations, $\pm 1 V_{peak}$ produces the indicated deviation or depth. When ac-coupled inputs are selected for AM, FW or phase modulation and the peak input voltage differs from 1 $V_{peak}$ by more than 3%, the hi/lo annunciator light on the display. The input impedance is 50 ohms and the damage levels are 5 $V_{rms}$ and 10 $V_{peak}$ . If you configure you signal generator with Option 1EM, this input is relocated to a female BNC connector on the rear panel.
	External 2 input	This BNC input connector accepts a $\pm 1 V_{peak}$ signal for AM, FM, phase modulation, and pulse modulation. With AM, FM, or phase modulation, $\pm 1 V_{peak}$ produces the indicated deviation or depth. With pulse modulation, $\pm 1 V$ is on and 0 V is off. When ac-coupled inputs are selected for AM, FM, or phase modulation, and the peak voltage differs from 1 $V_{peak}$ by more than 3%, the hi/lo annunciator light on the display. The input impedance is 50 ohms and the damage levels are 5 $V_{mma}$ and 10 $V_{peak}$ If you configure your signal generator with Option 1EM, this input is relocated to a female BNC connector on the rear panel.
	GPIB	Allows communication with compatible devices. [rear panel]
	LF output	Outputs the internally-generated LF source. Outputs 0 to 2.5 $V_{\mbox{\tiny peak}}$ into 50 ohms, or 0 to 5 $V_{\mbox{\tiny peak}}$ into high impedance [BNC, front panel]
	RF output	Nominal output impedance 50 ohms. [type-N female, front panel]
	Sweep output	Generates output voltage, 0 to +10 V when signal generator is sweeping. Output impedance < 1 ohm, can drive 2000 ohms. [BNC, rear panel]
	Trigger input	Accepts CMOS <sup>1</sup> signal for triggering point-to-point in manual sweep mode, or to trigger start of LF sweep. The damage levels are –0.5 to +5.5 V. [BNC, rear panel]
	Trigger output	Outputs a TTL signal: high at start of dwell, or when waiting for point trigger in manual sweep mode; low when dwell is over or point trigger is received, high or low 2 µs pulse at start of LF sweep. [BNC, rear panel]

1. Rear panel inputs and outputs are 3.3 V CMOS, unless indicated otherwise. CMOS inputs will accept 5 V CMOS, 3 V CMOS, or TTL voltage levels.

#### LAN connector

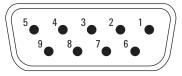
LAN communication is supported by the signal generator via the LAN connector. It is functionally equivalent to the GPIB connector. The LAN connector enables the signal generator to be remotely programmed by a LAN-connected computer. The distance between a computer and the signal generator is limited to 100 meters [10BaseT]. For more information about the LAN, refer to the *Getting Started* chapter in the *Programming Guide*.

Data transfer speeds		
LAN [FTP]	file transfer to volatile memory	(700 KB/sec)
	to hard drive	(500 KB/sec)
LAN [SCPI]	command transfer to volatile memory	(146 KB/sec)
	to hard drive	(128 KB/sec)
Internal file trans	fer from hard drive to volatile memory	(1280 KB/sec)

#### **RS-232** connector

This male DB-9 connector is an RS-232 serial port that can be used for controlling the signal generator remotely. It is functionally equivalent to the GPIB connector. The following table shows the description of the pinouts. The pin configuration is shown below.

Pin number	Signal description	Signal name
1	No connection	
2	Receive data	RECV
3	Transmit data	XMIT
4	+5 V	
5	Ground, 0 V	
6	No connection	
7	Request to send	RTS
8	Clear to send	CTS
9	No connection	



View looking into rear panel connector

# **Ordering Information**<sup>1</sup>

Eroquency entione		
Frequency options	• E4428C-503	250 kHz to 3 GHz frequency range [electronic attenuator standard]
	• E4428C-506	250 kHz to 6 GHz frequency range [mechanical attenuator only]
Performance enhancement options	• E4428C-UNB	High output power with mechanical attenuator
-		<i>6 is standard with the high power mechanical attenuator used in</i>
		d therefore, both options cannot be ordered together.
	• E4428C-1EM	
	• E44200-TEIVI	Moves all front panel connectors to rear
Manual and accessories	• E4428C-1CM	Rack mount kit without handles
	• E4428C-1CP	Rack mount kit with handles
	• E4428C-1CN	Front handle kit
	• E4428C-CD1	CD-ROM of English user guide and assembly level service manual (standard with instrument)
	• E4428C-ABA	Printed English documentation set
	• E4428C-0BW	Service documentation, assembly level
	• E4428C-UK6	Commercial calibrations certificate with test data
Warranty and calibration plans	<ul> <li>For more information, please visit: www.agilent.com/find/removealldoubt.</li> <li>Extended return-to-Agilent warranty and service</li> </ul>	
	Agilent calibration upfront plan	
	Agilent calibration plus upfront plan	

• Z540 calibration upfront plan

1. All options should be ordered using E4428C-xxx, where the xxx represents the option number.

### **Related Literature**

- Signal Generator Spectral Purity Considerations in RF Communications Testing, Application Note 388, Literature Number 5952-2019.
- *RF Source Basics, a self-paced tutorial (CD-ROM),* Literature Number 5980-2060E.
- IntuiLink Software, Data Sheet, Literature Number 5980-3115EN.
- Security of Agilent Signal Generators: Issues and Solutions, Application Note, Literature Number 5989-1091EN.