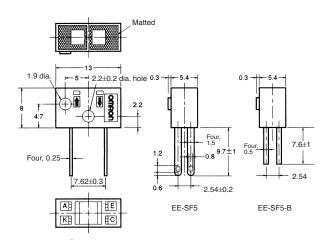
## OMRON

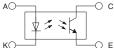
# Photomicrosensor (Reflective) EE-SF5(-B)

### Dimensions

Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.



#### Internal Circuit



Unless otherwise specified, the tolerances are as shown below.

к()——-	O E
Terminal No.	Name
A	Anode
К	Cathode
С	Collector
E	Emitter

Dimensions	Tolerance	
3 mm max.	±0.3	
3 < mm ≤ 6	±0.375	

±0.45

±0.55

±0.65

## FeaturesDust-tight construction.

- With a visible-light intercepting filter which allows objects to be sensed without being greatly influenced by the light radiated from fluorescent lamps.
- Mounted with M2 screws.
- Model with soldering terminals (EE-SF5).
- Model with PCB terminals (EE-SF5-B).
- RoHS Compliant.

### ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

	ltem	Symbol	Rated value
Emitter	Forward current	I <sub>F</sub>	50 mA (see note 1)
	Pulse forward current	I <sub>FP</sub>	1 A (see note 2)
	Reverse voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	4 V
Detector	Collector–Emitter voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	30 V
	Emitter–Collector voltage	V <sub>ECO</sub>	
	Collector current	I <sub>C</sub>	20 mA
	Collector dissipation	P <sub>c</sub>	100 mW (see note 1)
Ambient	Operating	Topr	–25° C to 80° C
temperature	Storage	Tstg	–30° C to 80° C
Soldering ter	nperature	Tsol	260°C (see note 3)

Note: 1. Refer to the temperature rating chart if the ambient temperature exceeds  $25^{\circ}$ C.

- 2. The pulse width is  $10 \,\mu s$  maximum with a frequency of  $100 \, Hz$ .
- **3.** Complete soldering within 10 seconds.

### Ordering Information

Description	Model
Photomicrosensor (reflective) with soldering terminals	EE-SF5
Photomicrosensor (reflective) with PCB terminals	EE-SF5-B

### ■ Electrical and Optical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

 $6 < mm \le 10$ 

 $10 < mm \le 18$ 

 $18 < mm \leq 30$ 

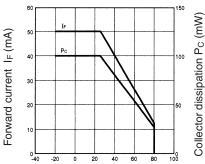
Item		Symbol	Value	Condition
Emitter	Forward voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	1.2 V typ., 1.5 V max.	I <sub>F</sub> = 30 mA
	Reverse current	I <sub>R</sub>	0.01 μA typ., 10 μA max.	$V_{R} = 4 V$
	Peak emission wavelength	λ <sub>P</sub>	940 nm typ.	I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA
Detector	Light current	IL	200 μA min., 2,000 μA max.	$I_F = 20$ mA, $V_{CE} = 10$ V White paper with a reflection ratio of 90%, d = 5 mm (see note)
	Dark current	I <sub>D</sub>	2 nA typ., 200 nA max.	V <sub>CE</sub> = 10 V, 0 ℓx
	Leakage current	I <sub>LEAK</sub>	2 μA max.	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ with no reflection
	Collector–Emitter saturated voltage	V <sub>CE</sub> (sat)		
	Peak spectral sensitivity wavelength	$\lambda_{P}$	850 nm typ.	V <sub>CE</sub> = 10 V
<b>Rising time</b>		tr	30 μs typ.	$V_{cc} = 5 V, R_{L} = 1 k\Omega, I_{L} = 1 mA$
Falling time		tf	30 μs typ.	$V_{cc} = 5 V, R_{L} = 1 k\Omega, I_{L} = 1 mA$

Note: The letter "d" indicates the distance between the top surface of the sensor and the sensing object.

### OMRON

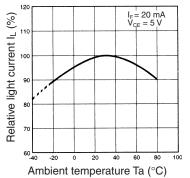
### Engineering Data

#### Forward Current vs. Collector **Dissipation Temperature Rating**

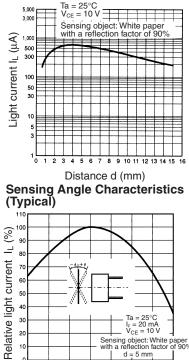


Ambient temperature Ta (°C)

**Relative Light Current vs.** Ambient Temperature Characteristics (Typical)



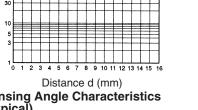
#### Sensing Distance Characteristics (Typical)

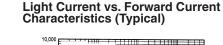


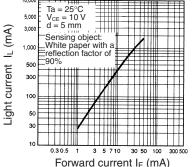
Sensing object: White paper with a reflection factor of 90%

d = 5 mm

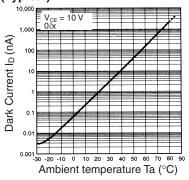
10 20 30 40



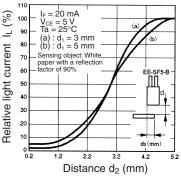


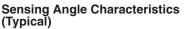


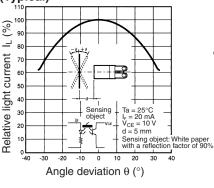
Dark Current vs. Ambient **Temperature Characteristics** (Typical)



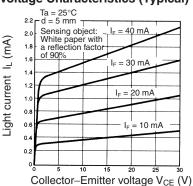
#### **Sensing Position Characteristics** (Typical)



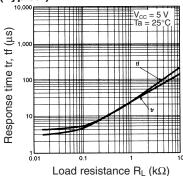




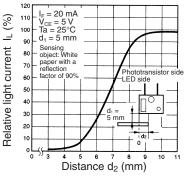
#### Light Current vs. Collector-Emitter Voltage Characteristics (Typical)



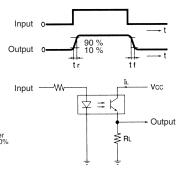
**Response Time vs. Load Resistance Characteristics** (Typical)



#### **Sensing Position Characteristics** (Typical)



**Response Time Measurement** Circuit



₀∟ -30

-10

0 Angle deviation  $\theta$  (°)

-20